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VST-GAME: Galaxy Assembly as a function of Mass and Environment with VST

A. Mercurio
and the VST-GAME team*

INAF- OSSERVATORIO ASTRONOMICO DI CAPODIMONTE

Galaxy Assembly as a function of Mass and Environment with VST (VST-GAME)

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Galaxy Assembly as a function of Mass and Environment with VST (VST-GAME)

PI: A. Mercurio (INAF-Osservatorio Astronomico di Capodimonte, OANA)

The main aim of the survey is to disentangle and quantify the relative impacts of **mass-quenching** (e.g. AGN/SN feedback) and **environmental-quenching** (e.g. ram-pressure and/or tidal stripping, harassment, group-cluster collisions and “starvation”).

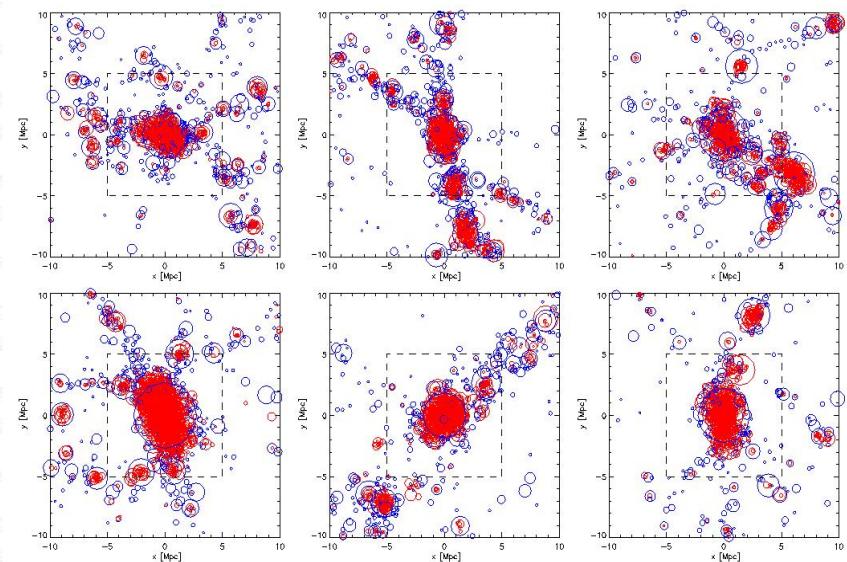
One key missing ingredient is a panoramic and homogeneous dataset of high-quality optical imaging of galaxies in a wide and largely unexplored range of cluster environments, down to the dwarf regime ($10^9 M_{\odot}$), at a redshift when the galaxy population was still rapidly evolving.

Galaxy Assembly as a function of Mass and Environment with VST (VST-GAME)

PI: A. Mercurio (INAF-Osservatorio Astronomico di Capodimonte, OANA)

300h VST survey will perform a unique wide field coverage ($20 \times 20 \text{ Mpc}^2$ at $z=0.4$) of 12 massive galaxy clusters, at $0.2 < z < 0.6$ (z median ~ 0.4), in four bands (u' , g' , r' , i'), to explore galaxy evolution from the inner core to well beyond the virial radius ($\sim 5 R_{\text{vir}}$), following the infall of galaxies along filaments, within groups, or directly from the field, up to $10^9 M_{\odot}$, where model predictions are in tension with the data (e.g. too many dwarfs).

Cluster	RA	DEC	z	MASS ($10^{14} M_{\odot}$)
Abell 2744	00:14:19	-30:23:22	0.308	20.6
MACSJ0025.4-1222	00:25:29	12:22:54	0.586	---
WHLJ24.3324-8.477	01:37:25	-08:27:25	0.566	8.9
MACSJ0159.8-0849	01:59:54	-08:51:32	0.405	7.2
MACSJ0416-2403	04:16:10	-24:03:58	0.397	14.0
MACSJ0553.4-3342	05:53:23	-33:42:07	0.430	8.8
RXC J0600.1-2007	06:00:15	-20:07:27	0.460	10.7
PLCK G287.0+32.9	11:50:49	-28:05:07	0.389	14.7
RXC J1514.9-1523	15:15:00	-15:21:23	0.223	8.9
Abell 2163	16:15:49	-06:09:08	0.203	16.1
PLCK G004.5-19.5	19:17:05	-33:31:20	0.540	10.5
Abell 1063S	22:48:45	-44:31:50	0.348	22.5



Multi-wavelength approach: from 10 kpc to ~10 Mpc



PI: S.Ettori

PI: M. Donahue

Baryon mass distribution
X-ray masses
ICM physics & metallicity

Bolocam, Mustang

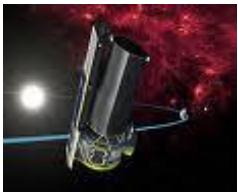


PI: K. Umetsu

ICM physics
DM&Baryon
masses

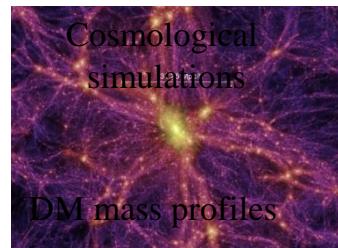
SZ observations

Spitzer



PI: W. Zheng R.
Bowdens

Galaxy Formation and evolution



Strong Lensing
Mass profile in
the core



VIMOS Large Prog (230 hr)
~500 members per cluster
+ arcs redshifts

VLT



PI: P. Rosati

High-z gals
Dynamical analysis
Stellar masses

LBT



PI: M. Nonino

High-z gals

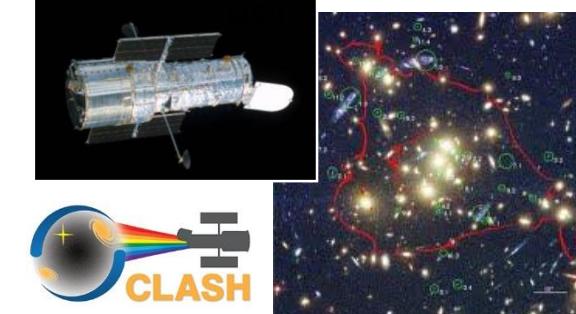
WL masses profile
Stellar masses

Subaru (+ ESO-WFI)
VISTA+ VST



Treasury Program
(530 orbits)
PI: M. Postman

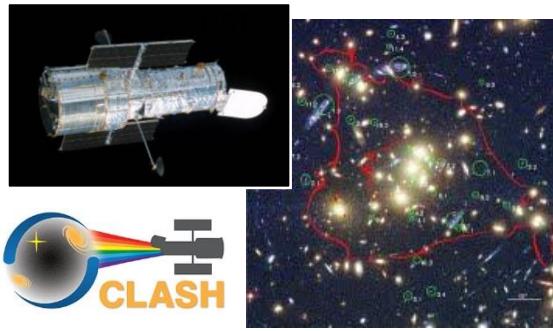
PI: K. Umetsu
M. Nonino
A. Mercurio



High-z galaxies

Multi-wavelength approach: from 10 kpc to ~10 Mpc

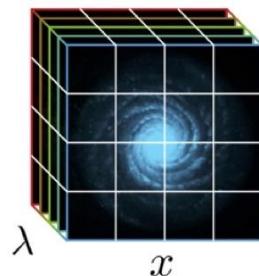
Strong Lensing
Mass profile



Treasury Program
(530 orbits)

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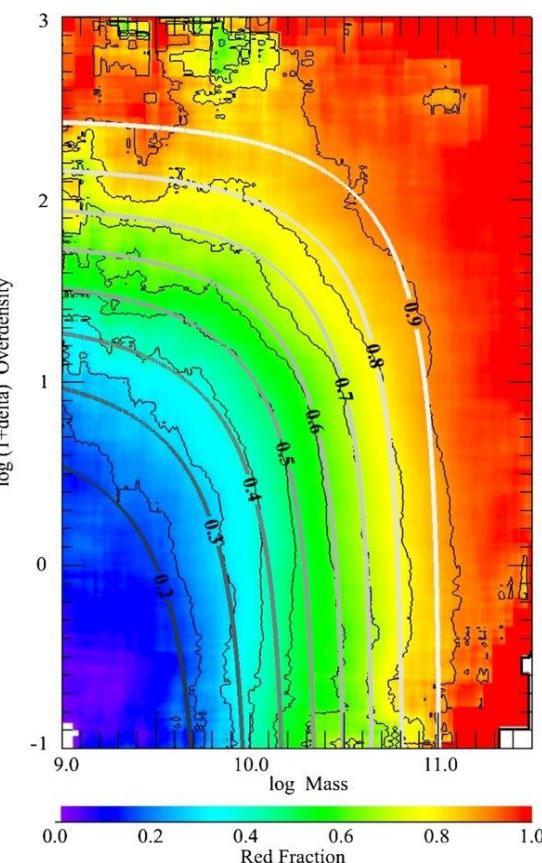
MUSE
Integral Field
Spectroscopy



Archive and
Proprietary data
(P.I. C. Grillo)

From the core

Galaxy formation and evolution



VIMOS Large Prog (230 hr)
~500 members per cluster
+ arcs redshifts

High-z gals
Dynamical analysis
Stellar masses



PI: P. Rosati

To the outskirts

WL masses profile
Stellar masses



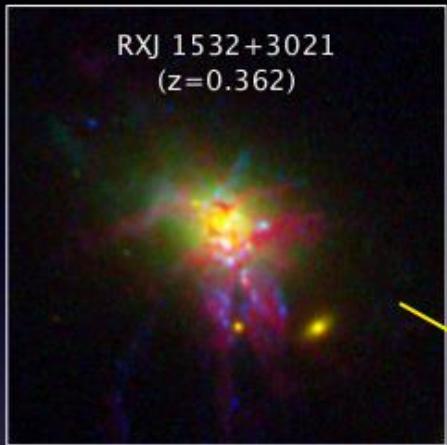
M. Nonino
A. Mercurio

Mass

Peng et al. 2010

New avenues for galaxy evolution

BCG structure, SF, cooling

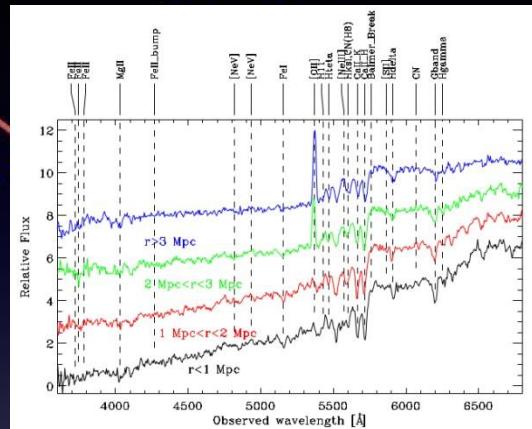


Comparison with Semi-analytic models

Galaxy properties over ~ 10 Mpc:

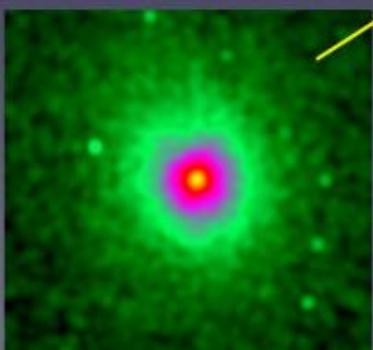
- ✓ Structural parameters
- ✓ M_{star} , SFR, sSFR, ages, dust
- ✓ ICM properties

Galaxy transformation processes

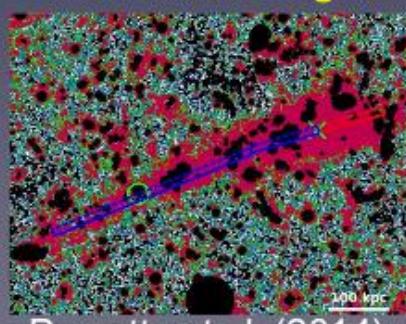


Girardi et al. (2015)

Intra-Cluster Medium (X-ray)

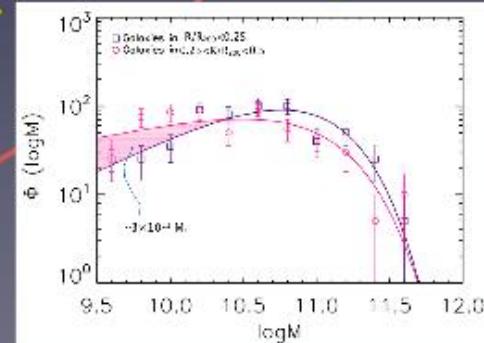


Intra-Cluster light



Presotto et al. (2014)

Stellar mass/luminosity fnct



Annunziatella et al. (2014)

CLASH-VLT LP: completed on 3/2016 (207h)

Final redshift sample (nearly final):

~34500 redshifts (from ~50000 spectra incl. duplicates)

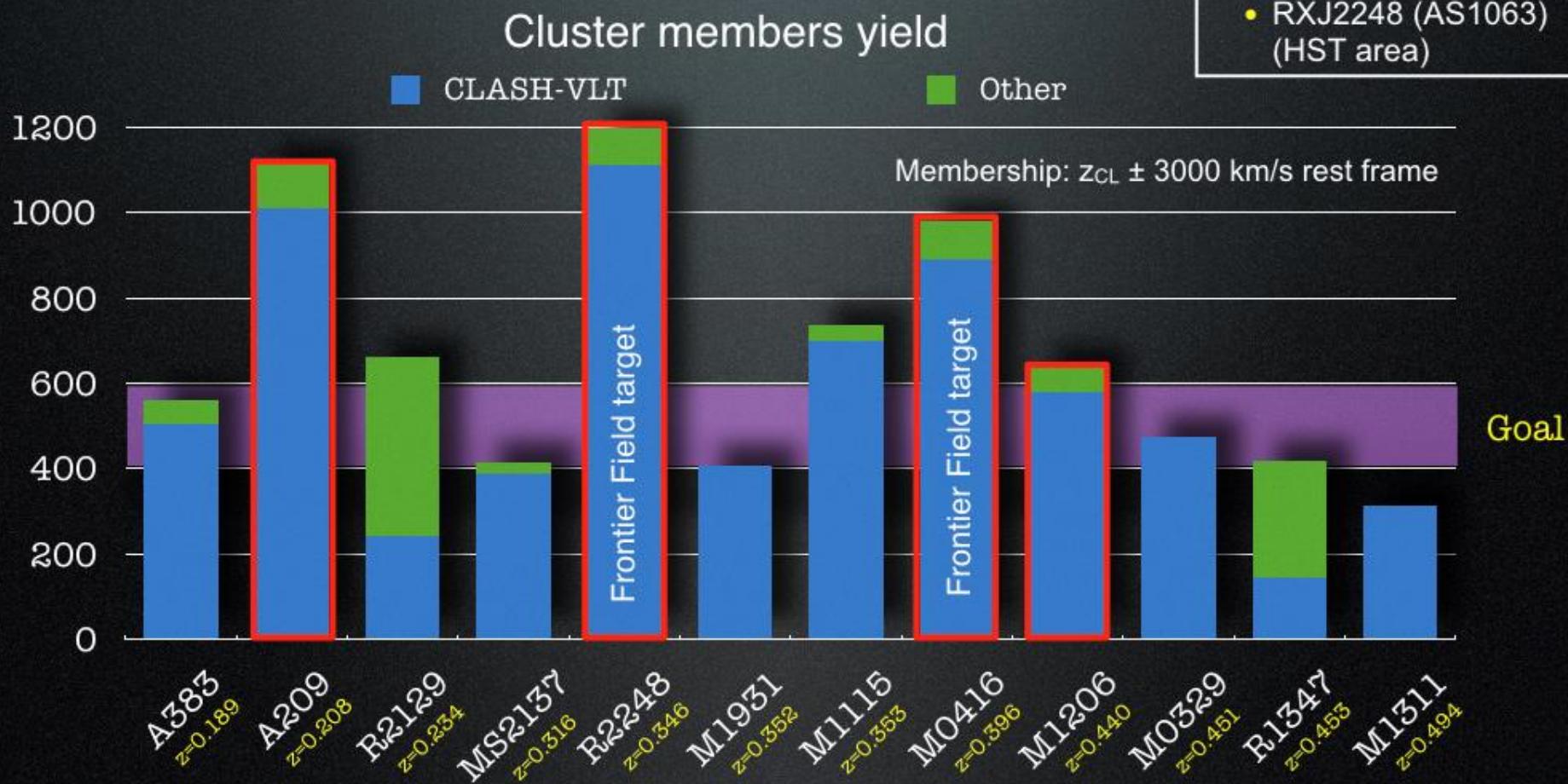
~7300 cluster members

~200 lensed galaxies to $z \sim 7$ (>300 X-ray Chandra sources)

→ 19 published papers to date

Redshift catalogs released to date:

- MACS1206
- MACS0416
- MACS2129
- A209
- RXJ2248 (AS1063) (HST area)



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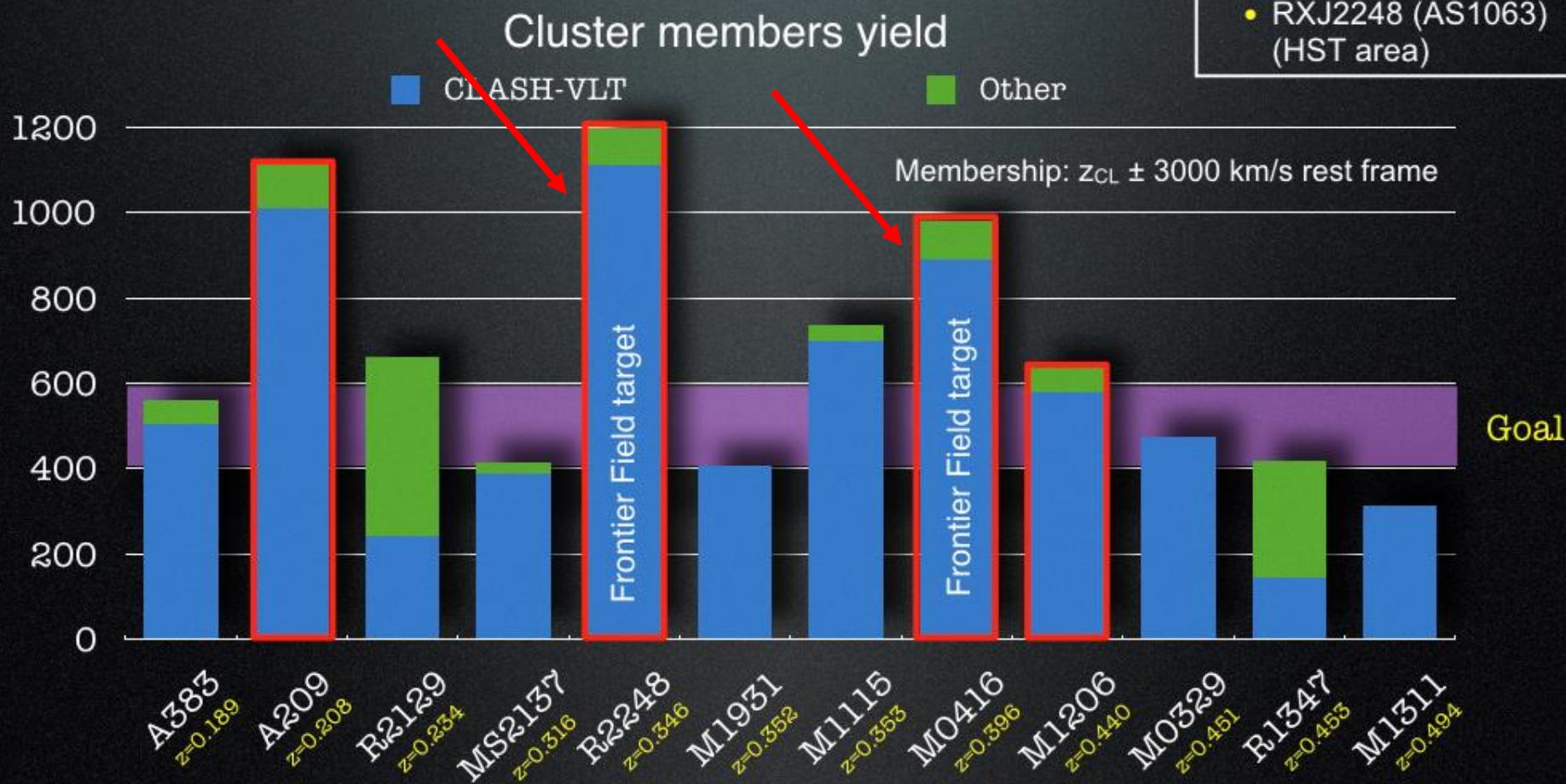
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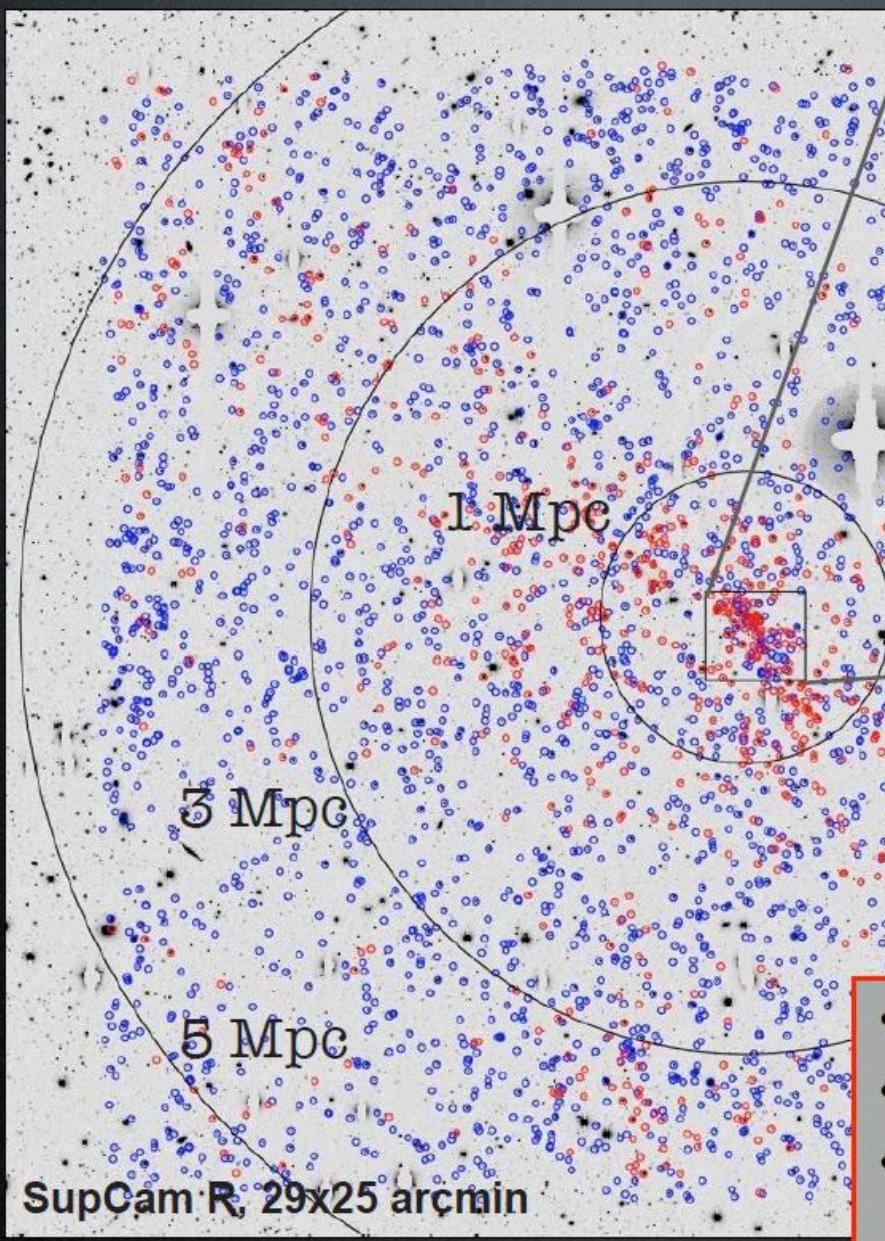
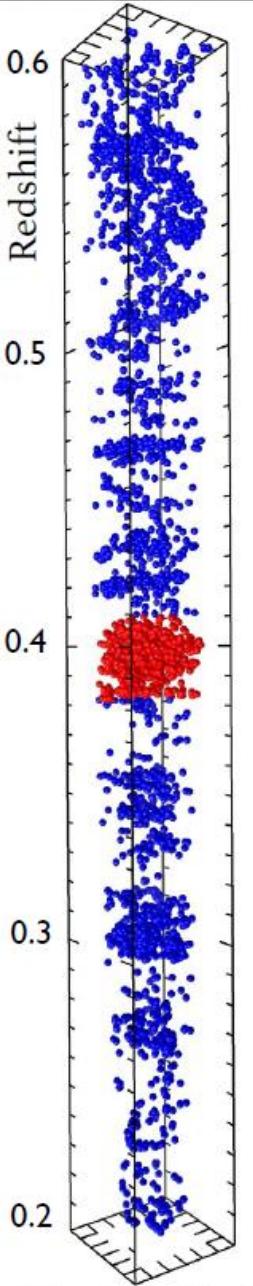
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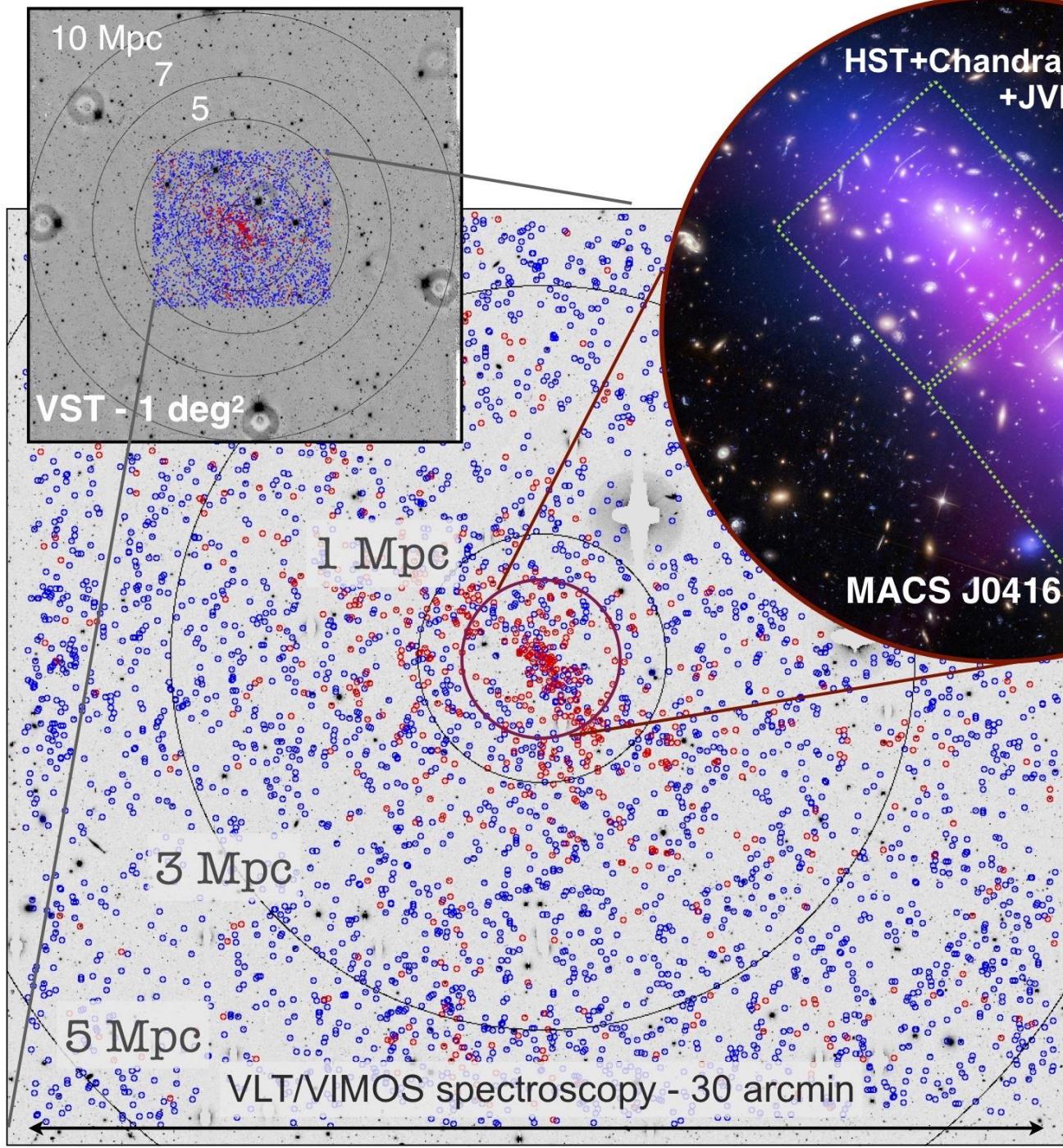
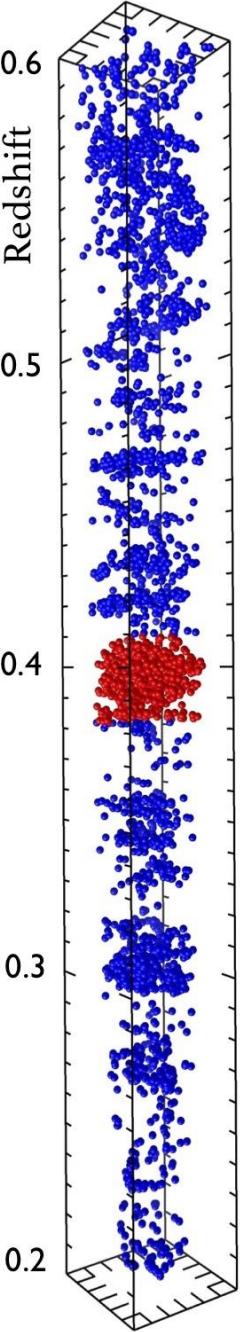


CLASH-VLT spectroscopic campaign of MACS0416

(Grillo+ 2015, Balestra+ 2016 + data release)



- 4200 redshifts in the field
- ~900 spec members
- 30 multiple images at $1.6 < z < 3.2$ (from 10 sources)

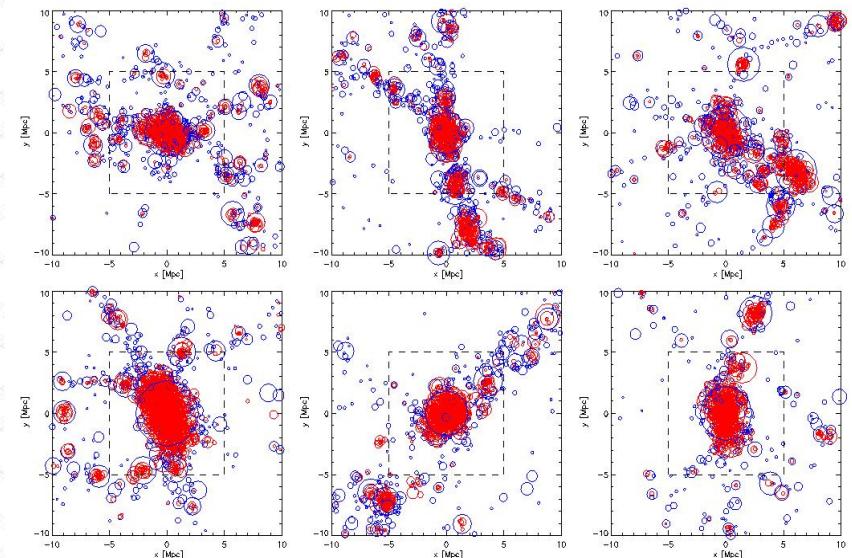


Galaxy Assembly as a function of Mass and Environment with VST (VST-GAME)

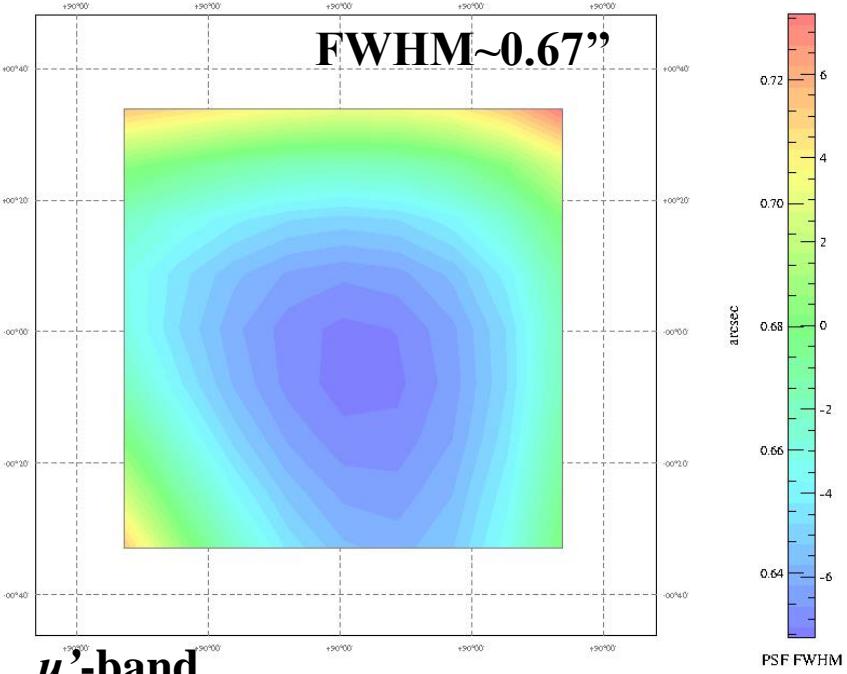
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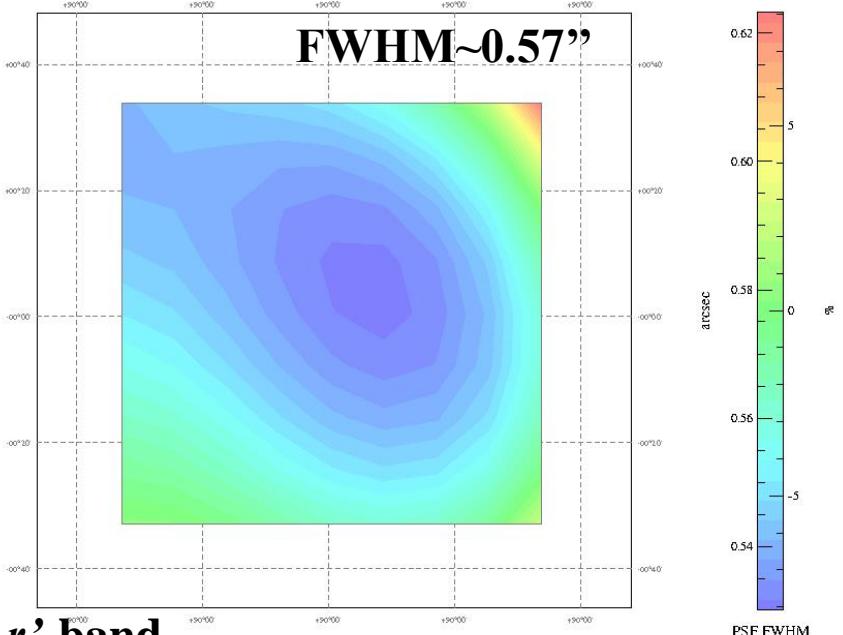
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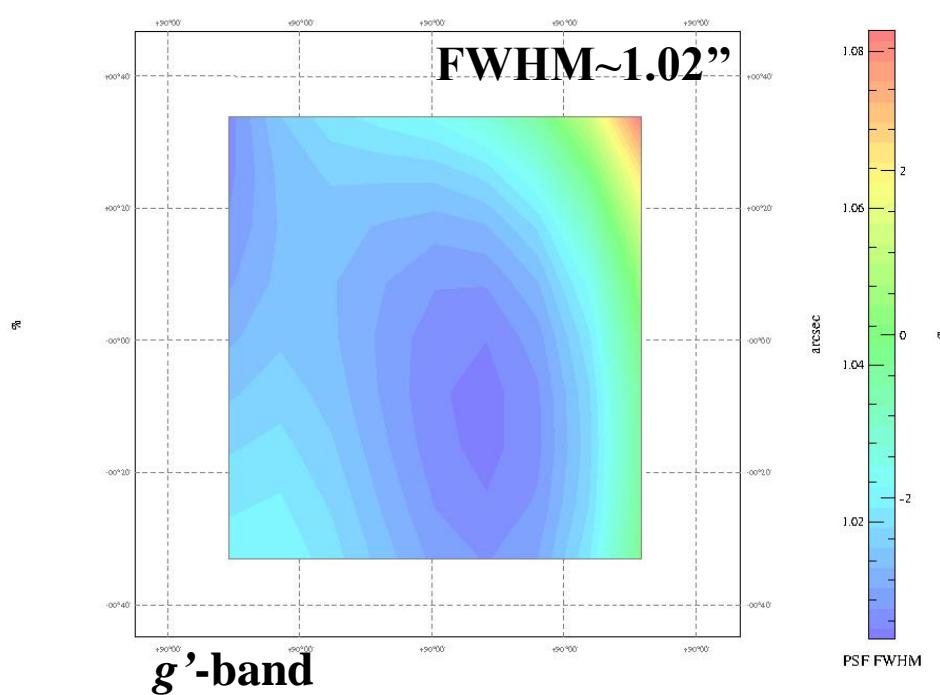
Obs started 04/17



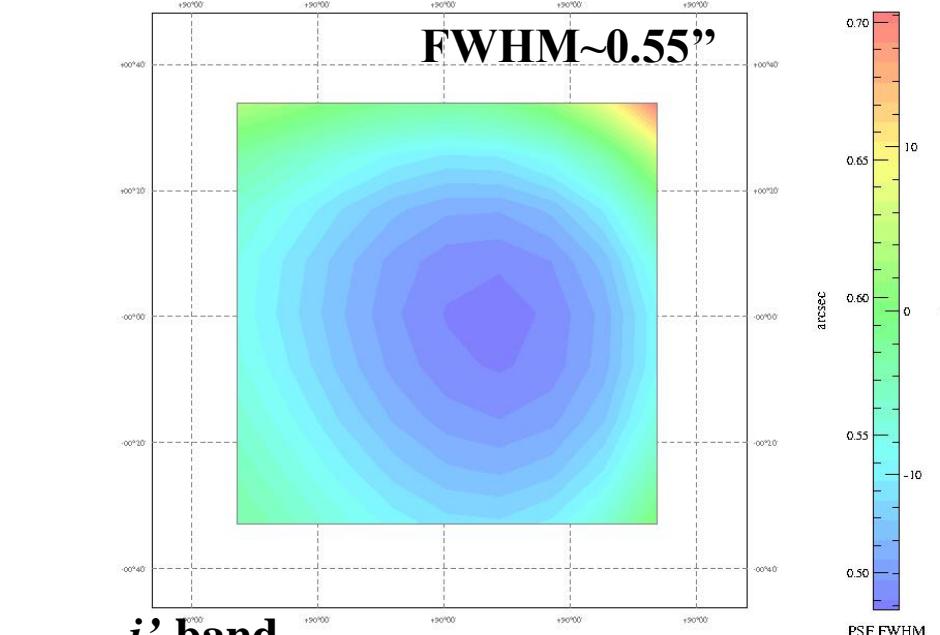
u' -band



r' -band



g' -band



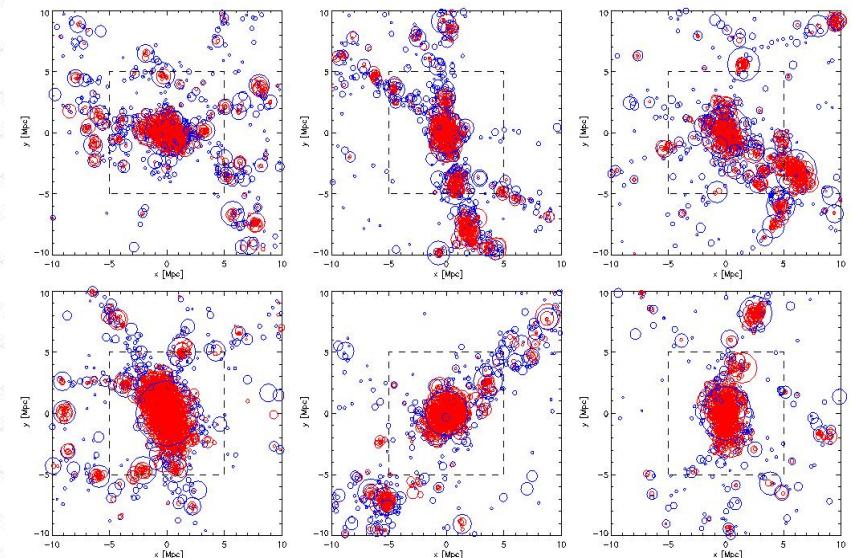
i' -band

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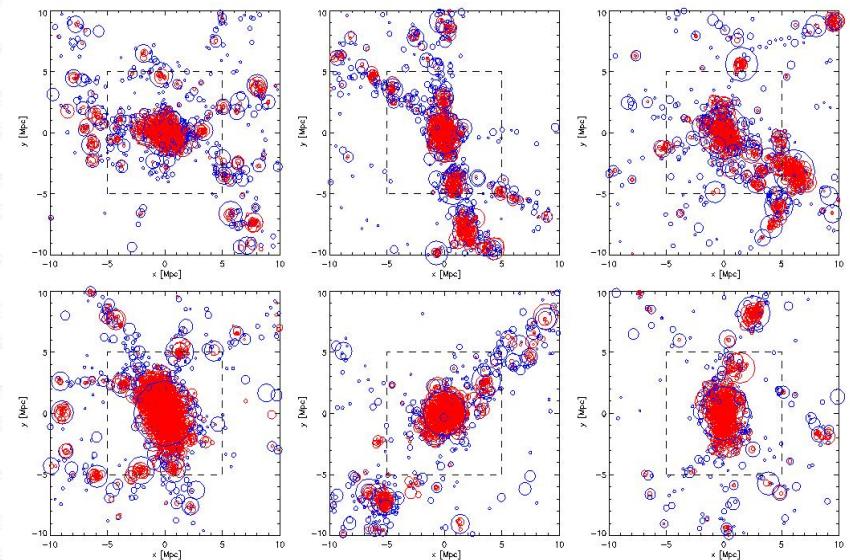
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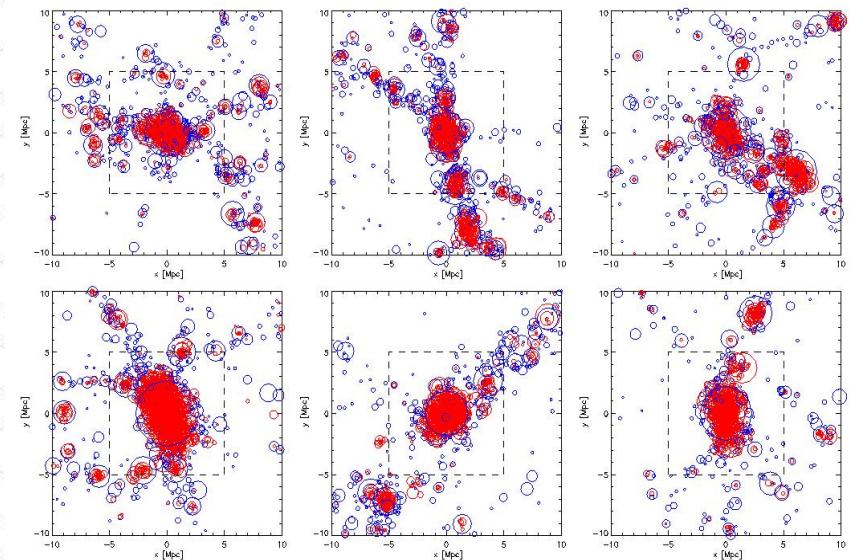
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Concerted effort which includes NIR observations of an ongoing VISTA Public Survey (560h, P.I. M. Nonino, Survey manager: A. Mercurio).

The Galaxy Clusters At Vircam (G-CAV, P.I.: M. Nonino)

G-CAV is a infrared Y, J, Ks 560 hrs long survey for a sample of 20 clusters of galaxies, to explore galaxy evolution over a large, and largely unexplored, diversity of cluster environments.

(AB, 5σ)

$23.8 < Y < 24.5$

$23.2 < J < 24.3$

$22.5 < Ks < 23.3$

Cluster z	Y	J	Ks
$z \leq 0.31$ (A)	2×12600	2×10800	2×7200
$0.31 \leq z \leq 0.5$ (B)	2×16200	2×14400	2×10800
$z \geq 0.5$ (C)	2×21600	2×19800	2×16200

Data for 5 clusters already completed:

MACSJ0416 (30h)

RXCJ2248 (30h)

PLCKG287 (26h)

RXCJ1515 (21h)

RXCJ2129 (~19h)

The Galaxy Clusters At Vircam (G-CAV, P.I.: M. Nonino)

G-CAV is a infrared Y, J, Ks 560 hrs long survey for a sample of 20 clusters of galaxies, to explore galaxy evolution over a large, and largely unexplored, diversity of cluster environments.

Data for 5 clusters already completed:

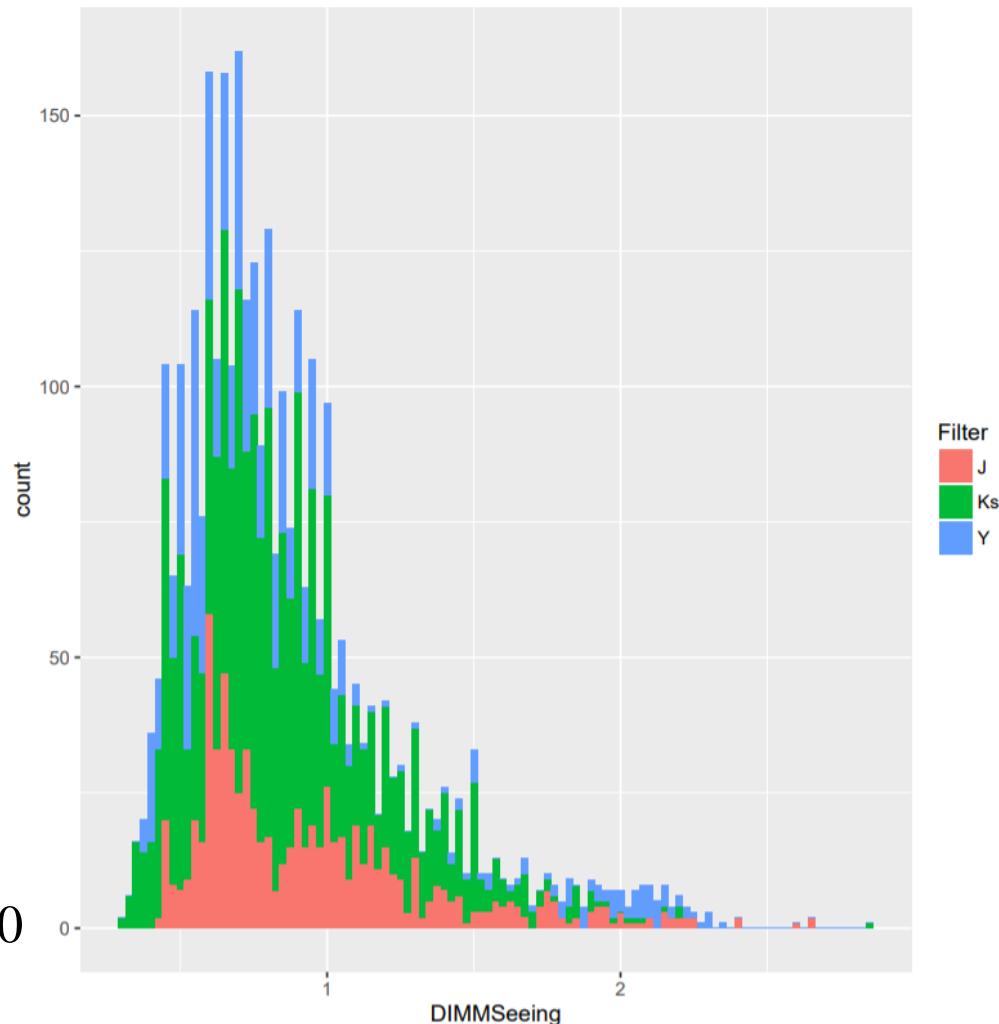
MACSJ0416 (30h)

RXCJ2248 (30h)

PLCKG287 (26h)

RXCJ1515 (21h)

RXCJ2129 (~19h)



All submitted OBs observed in P98-P100

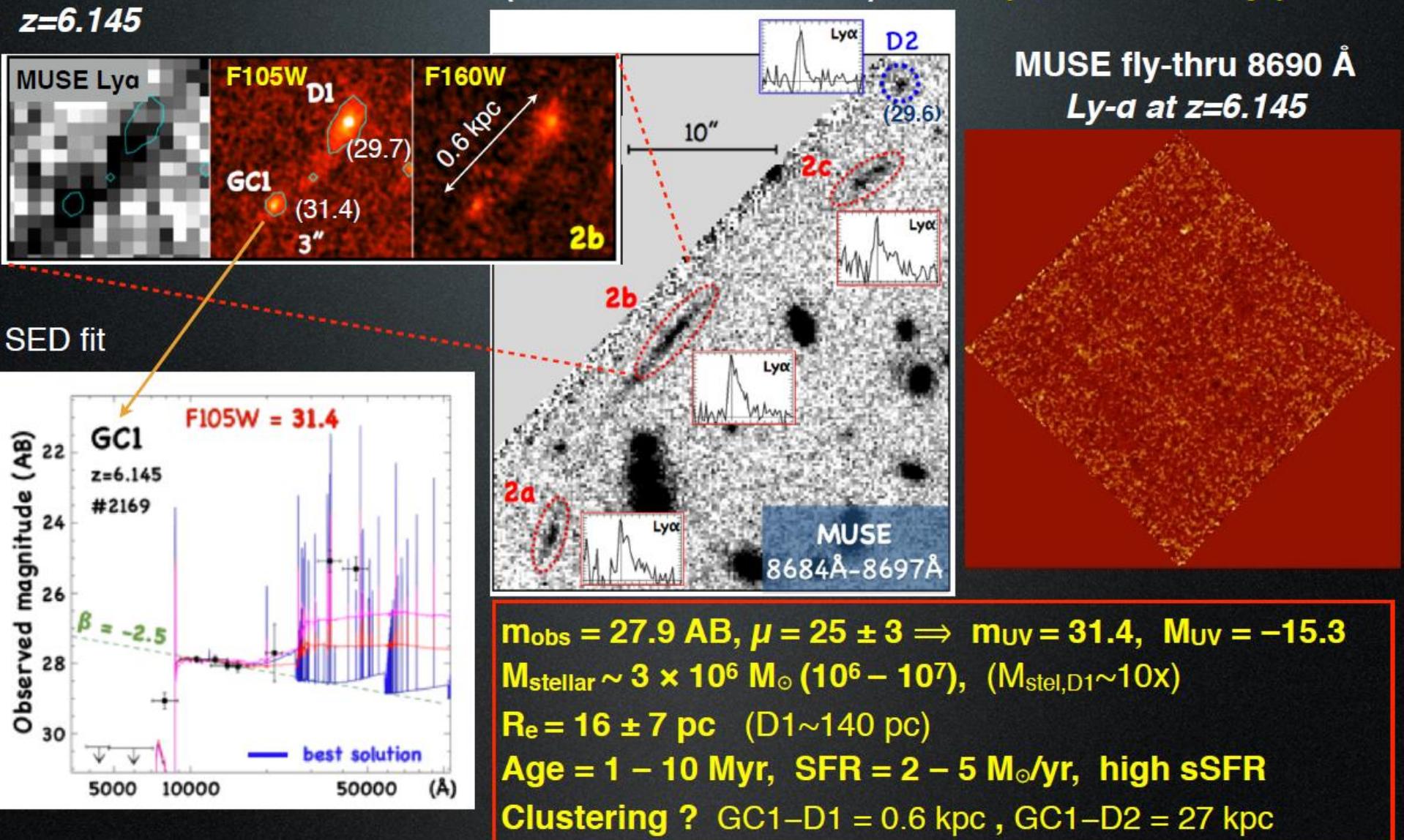
A new window on high-z “galaxies”

Magnifying “star forming clusters” at z=3-6.4

(Vanzella et al. 2017b)

($T_{\text{U}} = 0.85\text{--}2.1 \text{ Gyr}$)

$z=6.145$



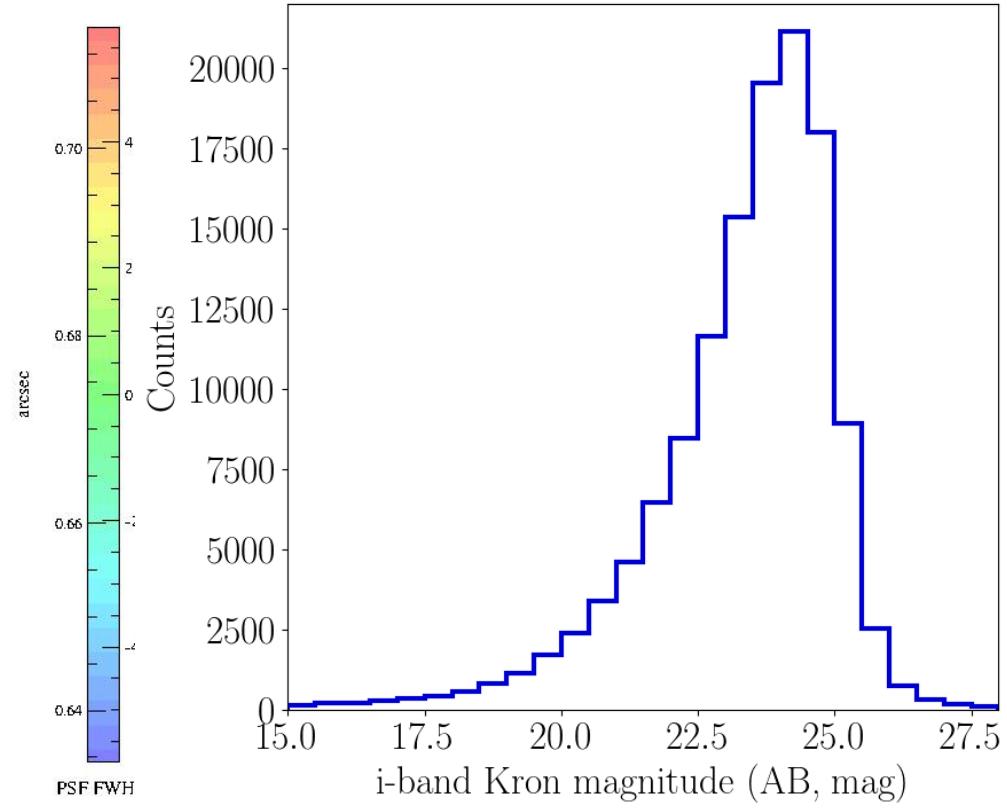
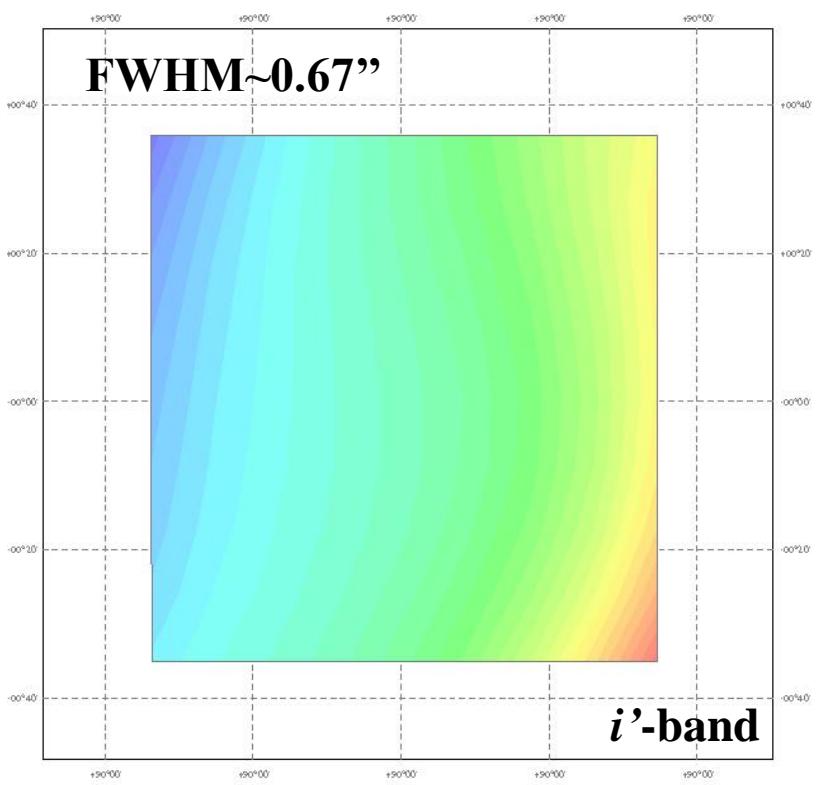
...consistent with Globular Cluster formation models or physical expectations on GC progenitors (see Renzini 2017; Boylan-Kolchin 2017)

Some numbers (E. Vanzella)....

- $z \sim 2.2$ [1.7-2.7] ~15000 gals per sq.deg (Reddy&Steidel 2009)
- $z \sim 3.0$ [2.5-3.5] ~10000 gals per sq.deg (Reddy&Steidel 2009)
- $z \sim 4.0$ [3.5-4.5] ~9000 gals per sq.deg (Bouwens et al. 2015, tab. A1)

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$M_{\text{lim}} = 24.75$ (5σ in 3")

Outlook and legacy

VST/VISTA/HST+VIMOS/MUSE

- ✓ Goldmine for galaxy evolution studies in different environments:
 - Large field of view ($20 \times 20 \text{ Mpc}^2$ at $z=0.4$) to explore a wide range of cluster environment and good data quality to reach the dwarf regime;
 - Large spectroscopic members ample critical for the analysis of galaxy properties as a function of mass + environment + dynamical status of the cluster;
 - Deep (IFU) spectroscopy to explore low-mass regimes + precise magnification maps for new exploration of (very) low mass/luminosity galaxies at $z=3-7$ beyond deepest HST fields.
 - Large Field photometry: a window on high-redshift galaxies.



The first glimpse to the science era of E-ELT and JWST.

Thanks!!!