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Title	VizieR Online Data Catalog: Discovering Large-Scale Structure in ORELSE Survey (Hung+ 2020)
Authors	Hung, D.; Lemaux, B. C.; Gal, R. R.; Tomczak, A. R.; Lubin, L. M.; et al.
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Journal	VizieR Online Data Catalog

Portal Simbad VizieR Aladin X-Match Other Help					
(MNRAS/491/5524 Discovering Large-Scale Structure in ORELSE Survey (Hung+ 2020)					
Establishing a new technique for discovering large-scale structure using the ORELSE survey. Hung D., Lemaux B.C., Gal R.R., Tomczak A.R., Lubin L.M., Cucciati O., Pelliccia D., Shen L., Le Fevre O., Wu PF., Kocevski D.D., Mei S., Squires G.K. <mon. (2020)="" 491,="" 5524="" astron.="" not.="" r.="" soc.=""> =2020MMRAS.491.5524H (SIMBAD/NED BibCode)</mon.>					
JC_Keywords: Galaxies, IR ; Galaxies, optical ; Spectroscopy ; Redshifts					
<pre>:ywords: galaxies: clusters: general - galaxies: evolution - galaxies: groups: general - galaxies: high-redshift - techniques: spectroscopic - techniques: photometric</pre>					
<pre>stract: The Observations of Redshift Evolution in Large-Scale Environments (ORELSE) survey is an ongoing imaging and spectroscopic campaign initially designed to study the effects of environment on galaxy evolution in high-redshift (z-1) large-scale structures. We use its rich data in combination with a powerful new technique, Voronoi tessellation Monte-Carlo (VMC) mapping, to search for serendipitous galaxy overdensities at 0.55×z-1.37 within 15 OKELSE fields, a combined spectroscopic footprint of ~1.4 square degrees. Through extensive tests with both observational data and our own mock galaxy catalogs, we optimize the method's many free parameters to maximize its efficacy for general overdensity searches. Our overdensity search yielded 402 new overdensity: candidates with precisely measured redshifts and an unprecedented sensitivity down to low total overdensity masses Mt_{tot}-5*10¹³M_c). Using the mock catalogs a function of redshift, total mass, and spectroscopic redshift fraction, finding impressive levels of both 0.92/0.83 and 0.600/0.49 for purity/completeness at z=0.8 and z=1.2, respectively, for all overdensity masses at spectroscopic fractions of ~20%. With VMC mapping, we are able to measure precise systemic redshifts, provide an estimate of the total gravitating mass, and miniani high levels of spectroscopy. Other methods (e.g., red-sequence overdensities and hot medium reliant detections) begin to fail at similar redshifts, which attests to VMC mapping's potential to be a powerful tool for current and future wide-field galaxy evolution surveys at z-1 and beyond.</pre>					
<pre>iscription: Parameters for all 402 new overdensity candidates found across 15 ORELSE fields with their redshifts, transverse positions, fitted masses, and spectroscopic fractions. The parameters given in this file are ORELSE field, field ID number, number of points used in the Gaussian fit, redshift mean and dispersion and associated errors, equatorial coordinates, estimated total mass and associated errors, and spectroscopic fraction. The candidates were cut by spectroscopic fraction such that only those with a spectroscopic fraction of 0.05 were included. All logarithms are base 10.</pre>					
le Summary:					
FileName Lrecl Records Explanations					

ReadMe	80		This file					
<u>candid.dat</u>	86	402	All Overdensity fields	Candidates	found	in	15	ORELSE

Byte-by-byte Description of file: <u>candid.dat</u>

Bytes	Format	Units	Label	Explanations			
1- 7	A7		Field	Name of the field the overdensity candidate is in			
9- 12	14		Id	ID number of the overdensity candidate in the given field			
14- 15	12		Points	umber of points used in the Gaussian fit, , the number of redshift slices the andidate appears in			
17-22	F6.4		Z	Mean redshift of the overdensity candidate			
24-29	F6.4		e_z	1 sigma redshift uncertainty			
31- 36	F6.4		sigma	Redshift dispersion of the overdensity candidate, described by the width of the Gaussian fit			
38- 43	F6.4		e sigma	1 sigma redshift dispersion uncertainty			
45-53	F9.5	<u>deg</u>	RAdeg	Right ascension (J2000.0)			
55- 62	F8.5	deg	DEdeg	Declination (J2000.0)			
64- 68	F5.2	[Msun]	logMass	Total mass			
70	A1			[+]			
1 of 271- 74	F4.2	[Msun]	E_logMass	1 sigma positive uncertainty on logMass	11/24/20, 12:24 PM		

	76	A1			[-]
77 -	80	F4.2	[Msun]	e_logMass	1 sigma negative uncertainty on logMass
82 -	86	F5.3		SpecFrac	Fraction of spectroscopic members in
					overdensity candidate

Acknowledgements:

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(End) Denise Hung [IfA, Honolulu], Patricia Vannier [CDS] 09-Dec-2019

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