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# Planck Sorption Cooler Flight Model 1 / Flight Model 2 VERIFICATION PLAN

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# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



## DOCUMENT CHANGE LOG

CHANGE LETTER	CHANGE DATE	PAGES AFFECTED	CHANGES/NOTES	GENERAL COMMENTS
A	5/17/2004	All	Initial Release	





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



## REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

- [1] Planck Sorption Cooler Integration and Test Plan, **JPL D-27719**
- [2] Planck Sorption Cooler TMU Specification Document, **ES518265 V. B**
- [3] FM Electronics Test Plan, **LPSC**
- [4] JPL Standard for System Safety, Revision C, **JPL D- 560**
- [5] Problem/Failure Reporting Requirements, Herschel/Planck Project, **JPL D-19151**





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



## List of Acronyms

AD	Applicable Document	OIRD	Operations Interface Requirement Document
ADC	Analog to Digital Converter	OGS	Operational Ground Segment
AIDS	Assembly Instruction Data Sheet	OOL	Out Of Limit
AIT	Assembly Integration & Test before delivery	OP	Operational
AIV	Assembly Integration & Verification after delivery	P	Pressure
ATP	Acceptance Test Procedure	PA	Product Assurance
AVM	Avionics Model	PACE	Piping Assembly and Cold End
BOL	Begin Of Life	PCx	Pre-Cooling VGroove x
CDMS	Command Data Management System	PC3a	Pre-Cooling VGroove 3 Stage a
CE	Compressor element	PC3b	Pre-Cooling VGroove 3 Stage b
CQM	Cryogenic Qualification Model	PC3c	Pre-Cooling VGroove 3 Stage c
CTF	Cryo Test Facility	PDF	Portable Document Format (Adobe Acrobat)
DAC	Digital to Analog Converter	PDU	Power Distribution Unit
DMS	Document Management System	PFM	Proto-Flight Model
DP	Desorption Power	PFR	Problem/Failure Reporting
DPU	Data Processing Unit	PI	Principal Investigator
DSP	Digital Signal Processing	PID	Proportional, Integral, Derivative
ECR	Engineering Change Request	PLM	Payload Module
EBB	Engineering Bred Board	PM	Project Manager
EGSE	Electric Ground Support Equipment	PPL	Preference Part List
EOL	End Of Life	PPLM	Planck Payload Module
EVL	Event Logger	PRT	Platinum Resistance Thermometer
FM	Flight Model	PS	Project Scientist
FMECA	Failure Mode, Effects and Criticality Analysis	PSC	Planck Sorption Cooler
FPU	Focal Plane Unit	PSU	Power Supply Unit
FS	Flight Spares	QA	Quality Assurance
GGA	Gas-gap Actuator (Thermal Switch)	QLA	Quick Look Analysis
GRT	Germanium Resistance Thermometer	QPL	Qualified Part List
HFI	High Frequency Instrument	RAM	Random Access Memory
HK	Housekeeping	RD	Reference Document
HP	Heatup Power	RED	Redundant
HPST	High Pressure Stabilization Tank	REU	Readout Electronic Unit
H/W	Hardware	RFW	Request For Waiver
I/F	Interface	RMS	Root Mean Square
IAS	Institut d'Astrophysique Spatiale	ROM	Read Only Memory
ICD	Interface Control Document	RTA	Real Time Analysis
IDIS	Integrated Data and Information System	S/C	Spacecraft
IID-A	Instrument Interface Document, Part A	SCC	Sorption Cooler Compressor
IID-B	Instrument Interface Document, Part B	SCCE	Sorption Cooler Cold End
ILT	Instrument Level Test	SCE	Sorption Cooler Electronics
IS	Instrument Scientist	SCP	Sorption Cooler Piping
ISN	Institut des Sciences Nucleaires	SCMP	Software Configuration Management Plan
JPL	Jet Propulsion Laboratory	SE	System Engineer
JT	Joule Thomson	SIP	Science Implementation Plan
KTC	Type-K Thermocouple	SQAP	Software Quality Assurance Plan
LEOP	Launch & Early Orbit Phase	SRR	Software Requirements Review
LFI	Low Frequency Instrument	SS	Survey Scientist
LH2	Liquid Hydrogen	SVM	Service Module
LM	Local Manager	S/W	Software
LPSC	Laboratoire de Physique Subatomique et de Cosmologie	SWCI	Software Configuration Item
LPSB	Low Pressure Stabilization Bed	T	Temperature
LVHX	Liquid-Vapor Heat eXchanger	TBC	To Be Confirmed
MCS	Mission Control System	TBD	To Be Determined
MGSE	Mechanic Ground Support Equipment	TBN	To Be Nominated
MLI	Multi Layer Insulation	TBW	To Be Written
MOC	Mission Operations Centre	TC	Tele-Command
MUX	MULTipleXer	TM	TeleMetry
N/A	Not Applicable	TMU	Thermo-Mechanical Unit
NCR	Non Conformance Report	TRB	Test Review Board
NOM	Nominal	TSA	Temperature Stabilization Assembly
NON-OP	Non-Operational	URD	User Requirements Document
OBCP	On-Board Control Procedure	WP	Work Package
OBSW	On Board Software		





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



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# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



## Introduction

### 1.1 Purpose

This document is intended to contain the results of the tests outlined in the Planck Sorption Cooler Integration and Test Plan [1].

The Planck Sorption Cooler is comprised of the Thermal Mechanical Unit (TMU) and the LPSC flight electronics (SCE). JPL is directly responsible only for the testing of the TMU while providing test time for the LPSC electronics units for which LPSC is responsible.

### 1.2 Requirements Verification Approach

A summary of the verification approach is given in Table 1 (as from Table XX of TMU spec [2]).

Verification	TMU Spec Paragraph	Verification Method
<b>Performance</b>	<b>3.1.1</b>	-
Cold End Temperature	3.1.1.1	T
Cooling Capacity	3.1.1.2	T + A
Temperature Stability	3.1.1.3	T + A
Heat Lift Adaptability	3.1.1.4	T
Operating Period	3.1.1.7	T
Flight Allowable Temperatures, Operating	3.1.1.9.1	T
Protoflight Temperatures, Operating	3.1.1.9.2	T
Protoflight Temperatures, Non-Operating	3.1.1.9.3	T+A
Power-On	3.1.1.9.4	T
Electrical Interfaces	3.1.3.2	VL+I+T
Power	3.1.3.2.3	T + A
Shipping and Handling	3.1.5	T + R
<b>Pressurized Structures</b>	<b>3.2.4</b>	<b>A + VL + T</b>
<b>Safety</b>	<b>3.2.5</b>	<b>T + A + I</b>

Table 1. Requirements Verification

**Legenda:** A - Analysis    VH - Verified at higher level assembly    I - Inspection  
 T - Test    VL - Verified at lower level assembly    R - Review of Design





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan

## 1.2.1 Primary performance verification

The main performance verification on the TMU FM1 and FM2 are summarized in Table 2.

TMU Requirement	Test performed on TMU	Requirement Value
Cold End Temperature	Run TMU at Min and Max Compressor Warm Radiator T (262 K - 282 K) and measure Cold End Temperatures	17.5 K < LVHX1 < 19.02 K 17.5 K < LVHX2 < 22.50 K
Cooling Power	Run the TMU in Normal Mode while applying nominal Heat Load on LVHX's	Cooling power @ LVHX1 > 190 mW Cooling power @ LVHX2 > 646 mW
Input Power	Run TMU at Min and Max Compressor Warm Radiator T (262 K - 282 K) and measure total TMU Input Power	TMU Input power < 426 W @ BOL
Cold End Temperature Fluctuations	Run TMU and measure Cold End T fluctuations for 262 and 282 K compressor radiator T *	$\Delta T$ @ LVHX1 < 450 mK $\Delta T$ @ LVHX2 < 100 mK
Heat Load Adaptability	Apply different Heat Loads on the LVHX's corresponding to the "ON" and "OFF" instrument power and verify stable TMU Operations	"ON load": 190 mW @ LVHX1 646 mW @ LVHX2 "OFF load": 10 mW @ LVHX1 346 mW @ LVHX2

**Table 2. Summary of verification of performance requirements via subsystem tests**

\*Appropriate usage of the performance prediction model of the cooler, which was calibrated during EBB cooler testing, will be employed to ensure the overall fidelity of the test verification

**NOTE:** the operating period is not a direct measurement on the TMU but it comes as a by-product with all the performance measurements for a tuned TMU.

## 1.2.2 Data Archiving Scheme

In order to analyze cooler performance, data from both the TMU and the Cryo Test Facility (CTF) are required. Both systems store data in a binary format, archiving a new raw data file each hour of testing for data manageability. At the end of each test, two combined files containing respectively TMU and CTF data are created and then imported into a data analysis application (IGOR). The resulting IGOR total file is recorded in each test header table, together with the test start and end times which, if necessary, can be used to identify the original raw data one-hour files and/or to reconstruct the general IGOR file from them.





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



## 2 FM1/FM2 TMU Acceptance Test

### 2.1 TMU FM1/TMU FM2: Acceptance Verification Matrix

#### 2.1.1 INITIAL VERIFICATION

Specification ID	Description	Test on	
		FM1	FM2
TMU-ACC-01	Grounding, Bonding, Isolation	✓	✓
TMU-ACC-02	Functional acceptance test	✓	✓

#### 2.1.2 PROTOFLIGHT OPERATIONAL/NON OPERATIONAL VERIFICATION

Specification ID	Required by	Description	NON/OP	OP
TMU-ACC-03	TMU spec [1] Page 12	Non Operational cold dwell (24h) of SCC I/F (243 K)	✓	
TMU-ACC-04	TMU spec [1] Page 12	3 startup with coldest Power ON conditions on SCC I/F		✓
TMU-ACC-05	TMU spec [1] Page 12	Proto-flight verification: Cold Operation (SCC @ 252 K, PC3c @ 40 K)		✓
TMU-ACC-06	TMU spec [1] Page 12	Proto-flight verification: Hot Operation (SCC @ 292 K, PC3c @ 65 K)		✓
TMU-ACC-08	TMU spec [1] Page 12	3 startup with warmest Power ON conditions on SCC I/F		✓





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



## 2.2 TMU Acceptance Test: test description

### 2.2.1 INITIAL VERIFICATION

#### 2.2.1.1 Verify "Measurement Functionality" of flight electronics (or EGSE)

<b>Test Objective</b>	Verify that FM Electronics or EGSE are accurately and safely connected to TMU		
<b>Procedure</b>	Before connecting to the flight hardware verify that what has been verified in the electrical check of PACE and SCC is pin-to-pin identical to what the EGSE has been tested to. <b><i>This check will be performed only on documentation.</i></b>		
<b>Pass/Fail Criteria</b>	Pin-to-Pin connections between PACE/SCC and EGSE must be identical		
<b>Date</b>	4/8/04	<b>Signature</b>	J. Borders

SCC End (J1):

Pin	Function	SCC Electrical Check AID	EGSE ATP
1	PC1 Temp T12 Excitation +	✓	✓
2	PC1 Temp T12 Signal +	✓	✓
3	PC3b Temp T09 Excitation +	✓	✓
4	PC3b Temp T09 Signal +	✓	✓
5	PC3a Temp T10 Excitation +	✓	✓
6	PC3a Temp T10 Signal +	✓	✓
7	PC3c Temp T08 Excitation +	✓	✓
8	PC3c Temp T08 Signal +	✓	✓
9	PC2 Temp T11 Excitation +	✓	✓
10	PC2 Temp T11 Signal +	✓	✓
11	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
12	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
13	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
14	PC1 Temp T12 Excitation -	✓	✓
15	PC1 Temp T12 Signal -	✓	✓
16	PC3b Temp T09 Excitation -	✓	✓
17	PC3b Temp T09 Signal -	✓	✓
18	PC3a Temp T10 Excitation -	✓	✓
19	PC3a Temp T10 Signal -	✓	✓
20	PC3c Temp T08 Excitation -	✓	✓
21	PC3c Temp T08 Signal -	✓	✓
22	PC2 Temp T11 Excitation -	✓	✓
23	PC2 Temp T11 Signal -	✓	✓
24	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
25	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan

SCC End (J2):

Pin	Function	SCC Electrical Check AID	EGSE ATP
1	CE1 Heat Sw Heater 21A	✓	✓
2	CE1 Heat Sw Heater 21B	✓	✓
3	CE2 Heat Sw Heater 22A	✓	✓
4	CE2 Heat Sw Heater 22B	✓	✓
5	CE3 Heat Sw Heater 23A	✓	✓
6	CE3 Heat Sw Heater 23B	✓	✓
7	CE4 Heat Sw Heater 24A	✓	✓
8	CE4 Heat Sw Heater 24B	✓	✓
9	CE5 Heat Sw Heater 25A	✓	✓
10	CE5 Heat Sw Heater 25B	✓	✓
11	CE6 Heat Sw Heater 26A	✓	✓
12	CE6 Heat Sw Heater 26B	✓	✓
13	LPSB Heater 07A	✓	✓
14	LPSB Heater 07B	✓	✓
15	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan

At SCC End (J3):

Pin	Function	SCC Electrical Check AID	EGSE ATP
A	LPSB Heater H08A	✓	✓
B	LPSB Heater H08B	✓	✓
C	CE1 Heater H01A	✓	✓
D	CE1 Heater H01B	✓	✓
E	CE1 Heater H11A	✓	✓
F	CE1 Heater H11B	✓	✓
G	CE2 Heater H02A	✓	✓
H	CE2 Heater H02B	✓	✓
J	CE2 Heater H12A	✓	✓
K	CE2 Heater H12B	✓	✓
L	CE3 Heater H03A	✓	✓
M	CE3 Heater H03B	✓	✓
N	CE3 Heater H13A	✓	✓
P	CE3 Heater H13B	✓	✓
R	CE4 Heater H04A	✓	✓
S	CE4 Heater H04B	✓	✓
T	CE4 Heater H14A	✓	✓
U	CE4 Heater H14B	✓	✓
V	CE5 Heater H05A	✓	✓
W	CE5 Heater H05B	✓	✓
X	CE5 Heater H15A	✓	✓
Y	CE5 Heater H15B	✓	✓
Z	CE6 Heater H06A	✓	✓
a	CE6 Heater H06B	✓	✓
b	CE6 Heater H16A	✓	✓
c	CE6 Heater H16B	✓	✓
d	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
e	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
f	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



At SCC End (J4):

Pin	Function	SCC Electrical Check AID	EGSE ATP
1	LPSB Sustain Htr. Volts (H07A)	✓	✓
2	CE1 Fixed Htr. Volts (H01A)	✓	✓
3	CE1 Adj. Htr. Volts (H11A)	✓	✓
4	CE2 Fixed Htr. Volts (H02A)	✓	✓
5	CE2 Adj. Htr. Volts (H12A)	✓	✓
6	CE3 Fixed Htr. Volts (H03A)	✓	✓
7	CE3 Adj. Htr. Volts (H13A)	✓	✓
8	CE4 Fixed Htr. Volts (H04A)	✓	✓
9	CE4 Adj. Htr. Volts (H14A)	✓	✓
10	CE5 Fixed Htr. Volts (H05A)	✓	✓
11	CE5 Adj. Htr. Volts (H15A)	✓	✓
12	CE6 Fixed Htr. Volts (H06A)	✓	✓
13	CE6 Adj. Htr. Volts (H16A)	✓	✓
14	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
15	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
16	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
17	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
18	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
19	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
20	LPSB Sustain Htr. Volts (H07B)	✓	✓
21	CE1 Fixed Htr. Volts (H01B)	✓	✓
22	CE1 Adj. Htr. Volts (H11B)	✓	✓
23	CE2 Fixed Htr. Volts (H02B)	✓	✓
24	CE2 Adj. Htr. Volts (H12B)	✓	✓
25	CE3 Fixed Htr. Volts (H03B)	✓	✓
26	CE3 Adj. Htr. Volts (H13B)	✓	✓
27	CE4 Fixed Htr. Volts (H04B)	✓	✓
28	CE4 Adj. Htr. Volts (H14B)	✓	✓
29	CE5 Fixed Htr. Volts (H05B)	✓	✓
30	CE5 Adj. Htr. Volts (H15B)	✓	✓
31	CE6 Fixed Htr. Volts (H06B)	✓	✓
32	CE6 Adj. Htr. Volts (H16B)	✓	✓
33	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
34	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
35	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
36	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
37	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



At SCC End (J5):

Pin	Function	SCC Electrical Check AID	EGSE ATP
1	CE1 KTC T20+	✓	✓
2	CE2 KTC T21+	✓	✓
3	CE3 KTC T22+	✓	✓
4	CE4 KTC T23+	✓	✓
5	CE5 KTC T24+	✓	✓
6	CE6 KTC T25+	✓	✓
7	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
8	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
9	CE1 KTC T20-	✓	✓
10	CE2 KTC T21-	✓	✓
11	CE3 KTC T22-	✓	✓
12	CE4 KTC T23-	✓	✓
13	CE5 KTC T24-	✓	✓
14	CE6 KTC T25-	✓	✓
15	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan

At SCC End (J6):

Pin	Function	SCC electrical check AID	EGSE ATP
1	LPSB Temp T17 Excitation +	✓	✓
2	LPSB Temp T17 Signal +	✓	✓
3	LPSB Temp T18 Excitation +	✓	✓
4	LPSB Temp T18 Signal +	✓	✓
5	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
6	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
7	CE1 Temp T15 Excitation +	✓	✓
8	CE1 Temp T15 Signal +	✓	✓
9	CE2 Temp T16 Excitation +	✓	✓
10	CE2 Temp T16 Signal +	✓	✓
11	HPST Temp T13 Excitation +	✓	✓
12	HPST Temp T13 Signal +	✓	✓
13	HPST Temp T14 Excitation +	✓	✓
14	HPST Temp T14 Signal +	✓	✓
15	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
16	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
17	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
18	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
19	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
20	LPSB Temp T17 Excitation -	✓	✓
21	LPSB Temp T17 Signal -	✓	✓
22	LPSB Temp T18 Excitation -	✓	✓
23	LPSB Temp T18 Signal -	✓	✓
24	Spare (Grounded)-	✓	✓
25	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
26	CE1 Temp T15 Excitation -	✓	✓
27	CE1 Temp T15 Signal -	✓	✓
28	CE2 Temp T16 Excitation -	✓	✓
29	CE2 Temp T16 Signal -	✓	✓
30	HPST Temp T13 Excitation -	✓	✓
31	HPST Temp T13 Signal -	✓	✓
32	HPST Temp T14 Excitation -	✓	✓
33	HPST Temp T14 Signal -	✓	✓
34	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
35	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
36	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
37	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan

At SCC End (J7):

Pin	Function	SCC electrical check AID	EGSE ATP
1	CE1 P P01A Excitation +	✓	✓
2	CE1 P P01B Signal +	✓	✓
3	CE2 P P02A Excitation +	✓	✓
4	CE2 P P02B Signal +	✓	✓
5	CE3 P P03A Excitation +	✓	✓
6	CE3 P P03B Signal +	✓	✓
7	CE4 P P04A Excitation +	✓	✓
8	CE4 P P04B Signal +	✓	✓
9	CE5 P P05A Excitation +	✓	✓
10	CE5 P P05B Signal +	✓	✓
11	CE6 P P06A Excitation +	✓	✓
12	CE6 P P06B Signal +	✓	✓
13	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
14	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
15	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
16	CE1 P P01D Excitation -	✓	✓
17	CE1 P P01C Signal -	✓	✓
18	CE2 P P02D Excitation -	✓	✓
19	CE2 P P02C Signal -	✓	✓
20	CE3 P P03D Excitation -	✓	✓
21	CE3 P P03C Signal -	✓	✓
22	CE4 P P04D Excitation -	✓	✓
23	CE4 P P04C Signal -	✓	✓
24	CE5 P P05D Excitation -	✓	✓
25	CE5 P P05C Signal -	✓	✓
26	CE6 P P06D Excitation -	✓	✓
27	CE6 P P06C Signal -	✓	✓
28	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
29	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
30	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
31	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
32	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
33	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
34	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
35	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
36	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
37	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



At SCC End (J8):

Pin	Function	SCC electrical check AID	EGSE ATP
1	HP P P07A Excitation +	*	✓
2	HP P P07B Signal +	*	✓
3	LP P P08A Excitation +	*	✓
4	LP P P08B Signal +	*	✓
5	CE3 Temp T26 Excitation +	✓	✓
6	CE3 Temp T26 Signal +	✓	✓
7	CE4 Temp T27 Excitation +	✓	✓
8	CE4 Temp T27 Signal +	✓	✓
9	CE5 Temp T28 Excitation +	✓	✓
10	HP P P07D Excitation -	*	✓
11	HP P P07C Signal -	*	✓
12	LP P P08D Excitation -	*	✓
13	LP P P08C Signal -	*	✓
14	CE3 Temp T26 Excitation -	✓	✓
15	CE3 Temp T26 Signal -	✓	✓
16	CE4 Temp T27 Excitation -	✓	✓
17	CE4 Temp T27 Signal -	✓	✓
18	CE5 Temp T28 Excitation -	✓	✓
19	CE5 Temp T28 Signal +	✓	✓
20	CE5 Temp T28 Signal -	✓	✓
21	CE6 Temp T29 Excitation +	✓	✓
22	CE6 Temp T29 Excitation -	✓	✓
23	CE6 Temp T29 Signal +	✓	✓
24	CE6 Temp T29 Signal -	✓	✓
25	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
26	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓

\* - The SCC interface agrees with the specification regarding the P07 and P08 designators. However, the functions of P07 and P08 are reversed. That is, P07 is the low-pressure transducer and P08 is the high-pressure transducer.





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan

At SCC End (J19):

Pin	Function	SCC electrical check AID	EGSE ATP
1	T34 Excitation +	✓	✓
2	T34 Signal +	✓	✓
3	T35 Excitation +	✓	✓
4	T35 Signal +	✓	✓
5	T36 Excitation +	✓	✓
6	T36 Signal +	✓	✓
7	T37 Excitation +	✓	✓
8	T37 Signal +	✓	✓
9	T38 Excitation +	✓	✓
10	T38 Signal +	✓	✓
11	T39 Excitation +	✓	✓
12	T39 Signal +	✓	✓
13	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
14	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
15	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
16	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
17	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
18	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
19	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
20	T34 Excitation -	✓	✓
21	T34 Signal -	✓	✓
22	T35 Excitation -	✓	✓
23	T35 Signal -	✓	✓
24	T36 Excitation -	✓	✓
25	T36 Signal -	✓	✓
26	T37 Excitation -	✓	✓
27	T37 Signal -	✓	✓
28	T38 Excitation -	✓	✓
29	T38 Signal -	✓	✓
30	T39 Excitation -	✓	✓
31	T39 Signal -	✓	✓
32	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
33	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
34	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
35	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
36	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
37	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



At PACE End (J21):

Pin	Function	PACE electrical check AID	EGSE ATP
1	LVHX1 Temp T01 Excitation +	✓	✓
2	LVHX1 Temp T01 Signal +	✓	✓
3	LVHX1 Temp T02 Excitation +	✓	✓
4	LVHX1 Temp T02 Signal +	✓	✓
5	LVHX2 Temp T03 Excitation +	✓	✓
6	LVHX2 Temp T03 Signal +	✓	✓
7	LVHX2 Temp T04 Excitation +	✓	✓
8	LVHX2 Temp T04 Signal +	✓	✓
9	LVHX3 Temp T05 Excitation +	✓	✓
10	LVHX3 Temp T05 Signal +	✓	✓
11	JT Temp T30 Excitation +	✓	✓
12	LVHX3 Temp T06 Signal +	✓	✓
13	JT Temp T30 Signal +	✓	✓
14	JT Temp T07 Signal +	✓	✓
15	LVHX3 Heater H31A Voltage	✓	✓
16	LVHX3 Heater H32A Voltage	✓	✓
17	JT Temp T07 Excitation +	✓	✓
18	LVHX3 Temp T06 Signal +	✓	✓
19	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
20	LVHX1 Temp T01 Excitation -	✓	✓
21	LVHX1 Temp T01 Signal -	✓	✓
22	LVHX1 Temp T02 Excitation -	✓	✓
23	LVHX1 Temp T02 Signal -	✓	✓
24	LVHX2 Temp T03 Excitation -	✓	✓
25	LVHX2 Temp T03 Signal -	✓	✓
26	LVHX2 Temp T04 Excitation -	✓	✓
27	LVHX2 Temp T04 Signal -	✓	✓
28	LVHX3 Temp T05 Excitation -	✓	✓
29	LVHX3 Temp T05 Signal -	✓	✓
30	JT Temp T30 Excitation -	✓	✓
31	LVHX3 Temp T06 Signal -	✓	✓
32	JT Temp T30 Signal -	✓	✓
33	JT Temp T07 Signal -	✓	✓
34	LVHX3 Heater H31B Voltage	✓	✓
35	LVHX3 Heater H32B Voltage	✓	✓
36	JT Temp T07 Excitation -	✓	✓
37	LVHX3 Temp T06 Signal -	✓	✓





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



At PACE End (J22)

Pin	Function	PACE electrical check AID	EGSE ATP
1	LVHX3 Heater H31A	✓	✓
2	LVHX3 Heater H32A	✓	✓
3	F9 Heater H33A	✓	✓
4	JT Heater H34A	✓	✓
5	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
6	LVHX3 Heater H31B	✓	✓
7	LVHX3 Heater H32B	✓	✓
8	F9 Heater H33B	✓	✓
9	JT Heater H34B	✓	✓
10	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
11	F9 Heater H36A	✓	✓
12	JT Heater H35A	✓	✓
13	F9 Heater H36B	✓	✓
14	JT Heater H35B	✓	✓
15	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
16	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
17	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
18	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
19	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
20	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
21	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
22	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
23	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
24	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
25	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓
26	Spare (Grounded)	✓	✓





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan

<b>Test Objective</b>	Verify that all TMU sensors are read correctly within their range		
<b>Procedure</b>	Run <i>Health Monitoring</i> procedure specified in the flight software		
<b>Pass/Fail Criteria</b>	All TMU sensors must be within their expected ranges		
<b>Start/End Date</b>	05.18.2004	05.18.2004	<b>Name</b> G. MORGIANTE - J. BORDERS - M. PRINA
<b>Start/End Time</b>	12:30 P.M.	12:58 P.M.	<b>Signature</b>
<b>Test Data File</b>	5-18-04 2.2.1.1 HEALTH MONITOR TEST.PXP		

Designator	Location	Type	Expected Range	Reading
T1	LVHX1	Cernox	17.5K - 323K	290.5 K
T2	LVHX1 (RED)	Cernox	17.5K - 323K	290.4 K
T3	LVHX2	Cernox	17.5K - 323K	290.2 K
T4	LVHX2 (RED)	Cernox	17.5K - 323K	290.3 K
T5	LVHX3	Cernox	17.5K - 323K	290.3 K
T6	LVHX3 (RED)	Cernox	17.5K - 323K	290.3 K
T7	JT	Cernox	17.5K - 323K	289.7 K
T30	JT	Cernox	17.5K - 323K	289.8 K
T8	PC3c	Cernox	40K - 323K	290.1 K
T9	PC3b	Cernox	40K - 323K	290.7 K
T10	PC3a	Cernox	40K - 323K	290.6 K
T11	PC2	Cernox	90K - 323K	290.8 K
T12	PC1	Cernox	150K - 323K	290.6 K
T13	HPST1	PRT	253K - 323K	291.7 K
T14	HPST4	PRT	253K - 323K	292.5 K
T17	LPSB	PRT	253K - 323K	292.0 K
T18	LPSB (RED)	PRT	253K - 323K	291.8 K
T15	CE1 Shell Temperature	PRT	253K - 323K	292.8 K
T16	CE2 Shell Temperature	PRT	253K - 323K	293.2 K
T26	CE3 Shell Temperature	PRT	253K - 323K	292.8 K
T27	CE4 Shell Temperature	PRT	253K - 323K	292.5 K
T28	CE5 Shell Temperature	PRT	253K - 323K	292.6 K
T29	CE6 Shell Temperature	PRT	253K - 323K	292.6 K
T20	CE1 Temperature	KTC	253K - 323K	293.0 K
T21	CE2 Temperature	KTC	253K - 323K	293.2 K
T22	CE3 Temperature	KTC	253K - 323K	293.0 K
T23	CE4 Temperature	KTC	253K - 323K	292.9 K
T24	CE5 Temperature	KTC	253K - 323K	292.9 K
T25	CE6 Temperature	KTC	253K - 323K	292.9 K
P1	CE1 Pressure	P Sensor	0 PSIA - 972 PSIA	7.8 PSIA
P2	CE2 Pressure	P Sensor	0 PSIA - 972 PSIA	7.9 PSIA
P3	CE3 Pressure	P Sensor	0 PSIA - 972 PSIA	7.2 PSIA
P4	CE4 Pressure	P Sensor	0 PSIA - 972 PSIA	7.0 PSIA
P5	CE5 Pressure	P Sensor	0 PSIA - 972 PSIA	7.1 PSIA
P6	CE6 Pressure	P Sensor	0 PSIA - 972 PSIA	6.6 PSIA
P7	HPST Pressure	P Sensor	0 PSIA - 972 PSIA	18.3 PSIA
P8	LPSB Pressure	P Sensor	0 Torr - 2550 Torr	327 Torr





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



## 2.2.1.2 Verify "Control Functionality" of the flight electronics (or EGSE) and the TMU

<b>Test Objective</b>	Verify that FM Electronics or EGSE can correctly and safely operate the TMU		
<b>Procedure</b>	Run <i>Health Check</i> procedure specified in the flight software		
<b>Pass/Fail Criteria</b>	All TMU heaters generate proper action		
<b>Start/End Date</b>	5-18-04	5-18-04	<b>Name</b> J. BORDERS G. MORGANTE
<b>Start/End Time</b>	1:30 pm	4:24 PM	<b>Signature</b> J.B. G.M.
<b>Test Data File</b>	5-18-04 2.2.1.2_HEALTHCHECKTEST.PXP		

Step	Action	Parameter	Value
LPSB-1	Initial Pressure LPSB	P	302 Torr
LPSB-2	Initial LPSB Temperature	T	290.7 K
LPSB-3	Sustain LPSB heater ON   Power (W): 3.92	$\Delta t$	667 s
LPSB-4	Final Pressure LPSB	P	308 Torr
LPSB-5	Final LPSB Temperature	T	291.2 K
LPSB-6	Startup heater ON   Power (W): 38.7	$\Delta t$	610 s
LPSB-7	Final Pressure LPSB	P	360 Torr
LPSB-8	Final LPSB Temperature	T	296.1 K
CE-1-1	Temperature CE1	T	292.0 K
CE-1-2	Pressure CE1	P	7.5 PSIA
CE-1-3	Pressure HPST	P	17.4 PSIA
CE-1-4	Turn ON CE1 Heater Max Power   Power (W): 242.0	$\Delta t$	480 s
CE-1-5	Temperature CE1	T	390.0 K
CE-1-6	Pressure CE1	P	136.0 PSIA
CE-1-7	Pressure HPST	P	125.0 PSIA
CE-1-8	Turn ON CE1 Heater Min Power   Power (W): 6.9	$\Delta t$	667 s
CE-1-9	Temperature CE1	T	385 K
CE-1-10	Pressure CE1	P	130.3 PSIA
CE-1-11	Pressure HPST	P	130.7 PSIA
CE-1-12	Turn OFF CE heater, Turn ON GGA heater	$\Delta t$	667 s
CE-1-13	Temperature CE1	T	281.0 K
CE-1-14	Pressure CE1	P	5.2 PSIA
CE-1-15	Pressure HPST	P	160.6 PSIA
CE-2-1	Temperature CE2	T	292.7 K
CE-2-2	Pressure CE2	P	7.6 PSIA
CE-2-3	Pressure HPST	P	129.8 PSIA
CE-2-4	Turn ON CE2 Heater Max Power   Power (W): 244	$\Delta t$	354 s
CE-2-5	Temperature CE2	T	390.0 K
CE-2-6	Pressure CE2	P	169.9 PSIA
CE-2-7	Pressure HPST	P	159.6 PSIA
CE-2-8	Turn ON CE2 Heater Min Power   Power (W): 6.9	$\Delta t$	667 s
CE-2-9	Temperature CE2	T	385.5 K
CE-2-10	Pressure CE2	P	159.0 PSIA
CE-2-11	Pressure HPST	P	173.1 PSIA





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan

CE-2-12	Turn OFF CE heater, Turn ON GGA heater		$\Delta t$	667 s
CE-2-13	Temperature CE2		T	279.7 K
CE-2-14	Pressure CE2		P	5.0 PSIA
CE-2-15	Pressure HPST		P	171.1 PSIA
CE-3-1	Temperature CE3		T	290.7 K
CE-3-2	Pressure CE3		P	6.4 PSIA
CE-3-3	Pressure HPST		P	159.2 PSIA
CE-3-4	Turn ON CE3 Heater Max Power	Power (W): 237	$\Delta t$	330 s
CE3-5	Temperature CE3		T	390.0 K
CE3-6	Pressure CE3		P	174.2 PSIA
CE3-7	Pressure HPST		P	173.2 PSIA
CE3-8	Turn ON CE3 Heater Min Power	Power (W): 6.83	$\Delta t$	667 s
CE3-9	Temperature CE3		T	384.7 K
CE3-10	Pressure CE3		P	172.1 PSIA
CE3-11	Pressure HPST		P	171.3 PSIA
CE3-12	Turn OFF CE heater, Turn ON GGA heater		$\Delta t$	667 s
CE3-13	Temperature CE3		T	275.4 K
CE3-14	Pressure CE3		P	3.2 PSIA
CE3-15	Pressure HPST		P	193.7 PSIA
CE-4-1	Temperature CE4		T	287.6 K
CE-4-2	Pressure CE4		P	5.6 PSIA
CE-4-3	Pressure HPST		P	171.2 PSIA
CE-4-4	Turn ON CE4 Heater Max Power	Power (W): 247	$\Delta t$	348 s
CE-4-5	Temperature CE4		T	390.0 K
CE-4-6	Pressure CE4		P	194.9 PSIA
CE-4-7	Pressure HPST		P	194.7 PSIA
CE-4-8	Turn ON CE4 Heater Min Power	Power (W): 7.1	$\Delta t$	667 s
CE-4-9	Temperature CE4		T	384.4 K
CE-4-10	Pressure CE4		P	192.2 PSIA
CE-4-11	Pressure HPST		P	192.3 PSIA
CE-4-12	Turn OFF CE heater, Turn ON GGA heater		$\Delta t$	667 s
CE-4-13	Temperature CE4		T	275.2 K
CE-4-14	Pressure CE4		P	3.0 PSIA
CE-4-15	Pressure HPST		P	217.1 PSIA
CE-5-1	Temperature CE5		T	288.2 K
CE-5-2	Pressure CE5		P	6.1 PSIA
CE-5-3	Pressure HPST		P	192.9 PSIA
CE-5-4	Turn ON CE5 Heater Max Power	Power (W): 243	$\Delta t$	365 s
CE-5-5	Temperature CE5		T	390.0 K
CE-5-6	Pressure CE5		P	223.8 PSIA
CE-5-7	Pressure HPST		P	218.0 PSIA
CE-5-8	Turn ON CE5 Heater Min Power	Power (W): 6.92	$\Delta t$	667 s
CE-5-9	Temperature CE5		T	385.0 K
CE-5-10	Pressure CE5		P	216.6 PSIA
CE-5-11	Pressure HPST		P	216.6 PSIA





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan

CE-5-12	Turn OFF CE heater, Turn ON GGA heater		$\Delta t$	694 s
CE-5-13	Temperature CE5		T	275.5 K
CE5-14	Pressure CE5		P	3.1 PSIA
CE5-15	Pressure HPST		P	243.7 PSIA
CE-6-1	Temperature CE6		T	287.6 K
CE-6-2	Pressure CE6		P	5.1 PSIA
CE-6-3	Pressure HPST		P	246.9 PSIA
CE-6-4	Turn ON CE6 Heater Max Power	Power (W): 243	$\Delta t$	393 s
CE-6-5	Temperature CE6		T	390.0 K
CE-6-6	Pressure CE6		P	249.5 PSIA
CE-6-7	Pressure HPST		P	245.2 PSIA
CE-6-8	Turn ON CE6 Heater Min Power	Power (W): 6.96	$\Delta t$	667 s
CE-6-9	Temperature CE6		T	385.7 K
CE-6-10	Pressure CE6		P	241.8 PSIA
CE-6-11	Pressure HPST		P	242.4 PSIA
CE-6-12	Turn OFF CE heater, Turn ON GGA heater		$\Delta t$	667 s
CE-6-13	Temperature CE6		T	275.1 K
CE-6-14	Pressure CE6		P	2.6 PSIA
CE-6-15	Pressure HPST		P	237.6 PSIA
CE-1-1	Temperature CE1		T	284.3 K
CE-1-2	Pressure CE1		P	4.4 PSIA
CE-1-3	Pressure HPST		P	242.9 PSIA
CE-1-4	Turn ON CE1 Heater Max Power	Power (W): 239	$\Delta t$	323 s
CE-1-5	Temperature CE1		T	392.0 K
CE-1-6	Pressure CE1		P	179.9 PSIA
CE-1-7	Pressure HPST		P	240.8 PSIA
CE-1-8	Turn ON CE1 Heater Min Power	Power (W): 6.9	$\Delta t$	667 s
CE-1-9	Temperature CE1		T	390.4 K
CE-1-10	Pressure CE1		P	173.6 PSIA
CE-1-11	Pressure HPST		P	236.1 PSIA
CE-1-12	Turn OFF CE heater, Turn ON GGA heater		$\Delta t$	667 s
CE-1-13	Temperature CE1		T	276.5 K
CE-1-14	Pressure CE1		P	3.7 PSIA
CE-1-15	Pressure HPST		P	231.4 PSIA

**NOTE:** Do not perform Health-Check Procedure on PACE when PACE is warm



11 ANNEX  
11.1 Health Procedure



INTEROFFICE MEMORANDUM

DATE: 2/10/2002

HEALTHCHECK PROCEDURE

OBJECTIVE

The purpose of this document is to provide the procedure needed to check the status of the Planck Sorption Cooler System both in flight and on the ground. The check consist in verifying that all the heater circuits (CE, LPSB, JT etc ) are functioning properly (current goes through the heater circuit and, if possible, the respective temperature or pressure is changed as expected). The health check procedure will perform all the verifications on the heating circuit but will not make any system decision on its results. The ground operator, comparing those data with previous run and with proper parameter ranges will decide on the status of the system and decide on how to operate the cooler.

THE PROCEDURE

The health status of the Planck Sorption Cooler System combines two previous procedures, the ground and the flight health check) to simplify the software structure. When the system enters into Ready Mode, the health monitoring process is automatically performed (see Fig.1): it consists in the readout of all the system sensors (T and P), checking that all the values result are within the limits relative to the coolers present condition (i.e. first start or re-start).

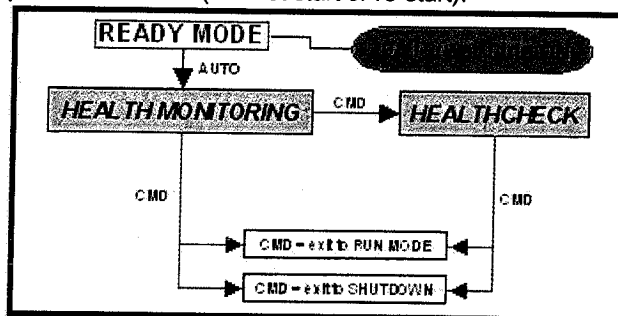


Fig.1

Once the health monitoring process has confirmed the functionality of the system sensors, the health check procedure can be started by *command*. If one or more sensors fails the monitoring test they, will be excluded from the health check procedure: a flag will be raised and a message generated to communicate the failure in order to establish the appropriate actions. During the whole health check procedure the cooler safety limits needs to be continuously monitored in order to ensure the safety of the system.

The healthcheck will test the Compressor Assembly and the Cold End status by performing the actions described in the following list (to be performed in sequence). The limits indicated in the processes are summarized in a dedicated uplink table (see Tab.1): its values might be changed depending on whether the cooler is on the ground or in flight.

<b>Planck HFI</b>	<b>Planck Sorption Cooler Electronics Requirements</b>	Ref.: TR-PSCB211-100020-1SN Issue: 01 Rev.: 06 Date: March 10, 2003 Page: 23
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### Compressor Assembly

All sensors OK from health monitoring process? If NOT exclude the subsystem from healthcheck and inform operator.

#### LPSB

- a. Read initial low pressure sensor ( $LP_{INI}$ ); Sustain heater ON (Max Power) until low pressure greater than  $LP_{INI} + \Delta P_{LP}$  Low P OR time heater ON  $> time_{limit}$ ; heater OFF
- b. Startup heater ON until  $T_{17}$  OR  $T_{17}$  greater than  $T_{LP-LIMIT}$  OR time heater ON  $> time_{limit}$ ; heater OFF

#### Compressor Elements

- c. All CE Heaters OFF, all GGA OFF
- d. CE#1 heaters ON (max power(CE)) until temperature of the bed  $> T_{BED-LIMIT}$  OR pressure of the bed  $> P_{BED-LIMIT}$  OR time heater ON  $> time_{limit}$ ; heater OFF
- e. CE#1 heater ON (min power, only on variable heater circuit) until time heater ON  $> time_{limit}$ ; heater OFF
- f. CE#1 gas gap heater ON until time heater ON  $> time_{limit}$ ; heater OFF
- g. Repeat step a,b,c,d for each CE (2,3,4,5,6, and again 1)

### Cold End

Read initial JT temperature sensor  $T_{7initial}$  and  $T_{30initial}$ ; turn JT heater H34 ON UNTIL  $T_7 > T_{7initial} + \Delta T_{COLD}$  OR  $T_{30initial} + \Delta T_{COLD}$  OR time heater ON  $> time_{limit-cold}$ , H34 heater OFF

Read initial JT temperature sensor  $T_{7initial}$  and  $T_{30initial}$ ; turn JT heater H35 ON UNTIL  $T_7 > T_{7initial} + \Delta T_{COLD}$  OR  $T_{30initial} + \Delta T_{COLD}$  OR time heater ON  $> time_{limit-cold}$ , H35 heater OFF

PF heater H33 ON: time heater ON  $> time_{limit-cold}$ , H33 heater OFF

PF heater H36 ON: time heater ON  $> time_{limit-cold}$ , H36 heater OFF

Read initial LR3 temperature sensor  $T_{5initial}$  and  $T_{6initial}$ ; turn LR3 heater H1 ON UNTIL  $T_5 > T_{5initial} + \Delta T_{COLD}$  OR  $T_{6initial} + \Delta T_{COLD}$  OR time heater ON  $> time_{limit-cold}$ , H1 heater OFF

Read initial LR3 temperature sensor  $T_{5initial}$  and  $T_{6initial}$ ; turn LR3 heater H2 ON UNTIL  $T_5 > T_{5initial} + \Delta T_{COLD}$  OR  $T_{6initial} + \Delta T_{COLD}$  OR time heater ON  $> time_{limit-cold}$ , H2 heater OFF

Healthcheck Limits

The limits to be used for all the above-listed processes are summarized in the following table:

Sensor or parameter	Value	Range
$\Delta P_{LP}$	50 Torr	10-800 Torr
time <sub>limit</sub>	667 s	100-1000 s
T <sub>LP-LIMIT</sub>	5K <del>30K</del> +5K	290-323 K
max power(CE)	220 W	See TMU spec.
Min power (CE)	~7 <del>5</del> W	0-30 W
T <sub>BED-LIMIT</sub>	390 K	310-450 K
P <sub>BED-LIMIT</sub>	750 psia	0-750 psia
$\Delta T_{COLD}$	0.5 K	0.1-2 K
time <sub>limit-cold</sub>	2 s	0-667 s


Tab.1



# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan

## 2.2.2 PROTOFLIGHT OPERATIONAL/NON OPERATIONAL VERIFICATION

### 2.2.2.1 Cold Dwell, NON-OP

<b>Test Objective</b>	Verify that Compressor can survive Proto-Flight cold conditions of the I/F's (warm radiator at 243 K) for 24 hrs		
<b>Procedure</b>	Run Health Monitoring procedure recording T readings for 24 hrs.		
<b>Pass/Fail Criteria</b>	Sensors readings must comply with expected values		
<b>Start/End Date</b>	5-20-04	5-21-04	<b>Name</b> G. MORGANSTE
<b>Start/End Time</b>	7:15 PM	7:20 PM	<b>Signature</b> 
<b>Test Data File</b>	5-21-04 2.2.2.1 Cold Dwell Non-Op.ppt		

Designator	Location	Type	Expected Range	Reading
T13	HPST1	PRT	≤ 243K	241.6 K
T14	HPST4	PRT	≤ 243K	240.3 K
T17	LPSB	PRT	≤ 243K	239.3 K
T18	LPSB (Redundant)	PRT	≤ 243K	239.1 K
T15	CE1 Shell Temperature	PRT	≤ 243K	235.1 K
T16	CE2 Shell Temperature	PRT	≤ 243K	235.0 K
T26	CE3 Shell Temperature	PRT	≤ 243K	234.8 K
T27	CE4 Shell Temperature	PRT	≤ 243K	234.6 K
T28	CE5 Shell Temperature	PRT	≤ 243K	234.7 K
T29	CE6 Shell Temperature	PRT	≤ 243K	234.9 K
T20	CE1 Temperature	KTC	≤ 243K	236.2 K
T21	CE2 Temperature	KTC	≤ 243K	236.1 K
T22	CE3 Temperature	KTC	≤ 243K	235.9 K
T23	CE4 Temperature	KTC	≤ 243K	235.7 K
T24	CE5 Temperature	KTC	≤ 243K	235.9 K
T25	CE6 Temperature	KTC	≤ 243K	236.1 K

Note - pressure sensors were turned off





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



## 2.2.2.2 Two Start up Sequences at Minimum I/F's Temperature Conditions

<b>Test Objective</b>	Verify that the TMU can startup in the coldest environment (warm radiator at 252 K and PC3c at 40 K) provided by the S/C		
<b>Procedure</b>	Run <i>twice</i> the <i>Start-up</i> procedure specified in the flight software		
<b>Pass/Fail Criteria</b>	Pressure in HPST after 3 cycles* must be above 10 atm (147 PSI)		
<b>Start/End Date</b>	6/16/04	6/17/04	<b>Name</b> BURT ZHANG
<b>Start/End Time</b>	7:00 AM	8:00 AM	<b>Signature</b> <i>Burt Zhang</i>
<b>Test Data File</b>	6-16-04 2-2-2-2 Two		

Start up sequences at min interface T. PXP

TMU NORMAL OPERATIONS PARAMETERS	VALUE	UNITS
CE1 Heatup Power	145	W
CE1 Desorption Power	130	W
CE1 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE1 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE2 Heatup Power	145	W
CE2 Desorption Power	130	W
CE2 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE2 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE3 Heatup Power	145	W
CE3 Desorption Power	130	W
CE3 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE3 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE4 Heatup Power	145	W
CE4 Desorption Power	130	W
CE4 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE4 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE5 Heatup Power	145	W
CE5 Desorption Power	130	W
CE5 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE5 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE6 Heatup Power	145	W
CE6 Desorption Power	130	W
CE6 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE6 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
Cycle Time	Variable	s
LPSB Sustain Power	0.0031	s-W
GGA Power (average total)	27.8	W
Average TSA power	0	W
<b>FACILITY I/F's (all measured on TMU thermometers)</b>		
PC3a Temperature	74.5	K
PC3b Temperature	75.0	K



# Herschel/Planck

Cycles refer to cooler cycle - ~~4000~~ all six beds.



# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



PC3c Temperature	37.8	K
PC2 Temperature	75.8	K
PC1 Temperature	84.8	K
<b>FACILITY INTERFACES</b>		
SCC radiator (measured at the inlet plenum, for indication only)	245 / 243.7	K

Run	HPST Pressure at the end of 3 cycles (atm)	Requirement (atm)
1 <sup>st</sup>	27.8	10.0
2 <sup>nd</sup>	12.8	10.0





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



## 2.2.2.3 Full Start up at Minimum I/F's Temperature Conditions

<b>Test Objective</b>	Verify that the TMU can produce LH <sub>2</sub> in the coldest environment provided by the S/C (warm radiator at 252 K, PC3c at 40 K)		
<b>Procedure</b>	Run <i>Start-up</i> procedure specified in the flight software		
<b>Pass/Fail Criteria</b>	Produce LH <sub>2</sub> , temperature of LVHX1 lower than 19.0 K		
<b>Start/End Date</b>	6/18/04	6/19/04	<b>Name</b> BURT ZHANG
<b>Start/End Time</b>	7:00 AM	9:00 AM	<b>Signature</b> <i>Burt Zhang</i>
<b>Test Data File</b>	6-18-04 2-2-2-3 Full		

*Start up at Min I/F.PXP*

TMU NORMAL OPERATIONS PARAMETERS	VALUE	UNITS
CE1 Heatup Power	137	W
CE1 Desorption Power	130	W
CE1 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE1 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE2 Heatup Power	137	W
CE2 Desorption Power	130	W
CE2 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE2 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE3 Heatup Power	137	W
CE3 Desorption Power	130	W
CE3 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE3 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE4 Heatup Power	137	W
CE4 Desorption Power	130	W
CE4 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE4 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE5 Heatup Power	137	W
CE5 Desorption Power	130	W
CE5 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE5 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE6 Heatup Power	137	W
CE6 Desorption Power	130	W
CE6 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE6 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
Cycle Time	940	s
LPSB Sustain Power	0	s
GGA Power (average total)	27.81	W
Average TSA power	0	W
<b>FACILITY I/F's (all measured on TMU thermometers)</b>		
PC3a Temperature	72.52	K
PC3b Temperature	73.05	K





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



PC3c Temperature	37.92	K
PC2 Temperature	73.84	K
PC1 Temperature	94.93	K
<b>FACILITY INTERFACES</b>		
LVHX1 load	0	W
LVHX2 load	0	W
LFI - I/F Temperature (average, for indication only)	16.87	K
HFI - I/F Temperature (average, for indication only)	16.38	K
SCC radiator (measured at the inlet plenum, for indication only)	251.4	K

LVHX1 Temperature (K)	Requirement (K)
16.38	< 19.0





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



## 2.2.2.4 Minimum Temperature Proto-Flight Operational Conditions

<b>Test Objective</b>	Verify that the TMU can operate in the coldest proto-flight conditions (warm radiator at 252 K and PC3c at 40 K) of the I/F's		
<b>Procedure</b>	Run TMU in Normal Operation for 24 hours		
<b>Pass/Fail Criteria</b>	Stable conditions (TMU continuously in Normal Operation) after 24 h		
<b>Start/End Date</b>	7-6-04	7-7-04	<b>Name</b> James Borders
<b>Start/End Time</b>	9:30 AM	11:00 AM	<b>Signature</b> 
<b>Test Data File</b>	7-7-04 2-2-2-4 Min T		

*Proto-Flight Op. p.xp*

TMU NORMAL OPERATIONS PARAMETERS	VALUE	UNITS
CE1 Heatup Power	115	W
CE1 Desorption Power	130	W
CE1 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE1 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE2 Heatup Power	115	W
CE2 Desorption Power	130	W
CE2 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE2 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE3 Heatup Power	115	W
CE3 Desorption Power	130	W
CE3 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE3 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE4 Heatup Power	115	W
CE4 Desorption Power	130	W
CE4 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE4 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE5 Heatup Power	115	W
CE5 Desorption Power	130	W
CE5 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE5 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE6 Heatup Power	115	W
CE6 Desorption Power	130	W
CE6 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE6 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
Cycle Time	940	s
LPSB Sustain Power	1.67	8W
GGA Power (average total)	27.4	W
Average TSA power	0	W
<b>FACILITY I/F's (all measured on TMU thermometers)</b>		
PC3a Temperature	75.85	K
PC3b Temperature	76.39	K





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



PC3c Temperature	39.97	K
PC2 Temperature	78.19	K
PC1 Temperature	148.25	K
<b>FACILITY INTERFACES</b>		
LVHX1 load	0.195	W
LVHX2 load	0.311	W
HFI - I/F Temperature (average, for indication only)	16.89	K
LFI - I/F Temperature (average, for indication only)	18.29	K
HFI - I/F $\Delta T$ (peak-to peak, for indication only)	0.850	K
LFI - I/F $\Delta T$ (peak-to peak, for indication only)	0.675	K
SCC radiator (measured at the inlet plenum, for indication only)	254.5	K

<b>TMU continuously in Normal Operation for 24 hrs.</b>	<b>YES</b>	<b>NO</b>
	✓	





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



## 2.2.2.5 Two Start up Sequences in Maximum I/F's Temperature Conditions

<b>Test Objective</b>	Verify that TMU can startup in the warmest environment (warm radiator at 292 K, PC3c 65 K) provided by the S/C		
<b>Procedure</b>	Run twice the <i>Start-up</i> procedure specified in the flight software		
<b>Pass/Fail Criteria</b>	Pressure in HPST after 3 cycles must be above 10 atm		
<b>Start/End Date</b>	6/21/04	6/21/04	<b>Name</b> BURT ZHANG
<b>Start/End Time</b>	8:00 AM	2:00 PM	<b>Signature</b>
<b>Test Data File</b>	6-21-04 2-2-2-5		

*Two Startup Sequences in MAX IF T Conditions*

TMU NORMAL OPERATIONS PARAMETERS	VALUE	UNITS
CE1 Heatup Power	115	W
CE1 Desorption Power	130	W
CE1 GGA Advance Decoupling	0	s
CE1 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE2 Heatup Power	115	W
CE2 Desorption Power	130	W
CE2 GGA Advance Decoupling	0	s
CE2 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE3 Heatup Power	115	W
CE3 Desorption Power	130	W
CE3 GGA Advance Decoupling	0	s
CE3 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE4 Heatup Power	115	W
CE4 Desorption Power	130	W
CE4 GGA Advance Decoupling	0	s
CE4 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE5 Heatup Power	115	W
CE5 Desorption Power	130	W
CE5 GGA Advance Decoupling	0	s
CE5 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE6 Heatup Power	115	W
CE6 Desorption Power	130	W
CE6 GGA Advance Decoupling	0	s
CE6 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
Cycle Time	Variable	s
LPSB Sustain Power	0.453	W
GGA Power (average total)	27.48	W
Average TSA power	0	W
<b>FACILITY I/F's (all measured on TMU thermometers)</b>		
PC3a Temperature	73.34	K
PC3b Temperature	73.87	K





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



PC3c Temperature	70.83	K
PC2 Temperature	75.72	K
PC1 Temperature	189.1	K
<b>FACILITY INTERFACES</b>		
SCC radiator (measured at the inlet plenum, for indication only)	295.4	K

Run	HPST Pressure at the end of 3 cycles (atm)	Requirement (atm)
1 <sup>st</sup>	18.1	10.0
2 <sup>nd</sup>	16.1	10.0





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



## 2.2.2.6 Full Start up in Maximum I/F's Temperature Conditions

<b>Test Objective</b>	Verify that the TMU can produce LH <sub>2</sub> when started in the warmest I/F's flight conditions (warm radiator at 292 K and PC3c at 65 K)		
<b>Procedure</b>	Run <i>Start-up</i> procedure specified in the flight software		
<b>Pass/Fail Criteria</b>	Produce LH <sub>2</sub> , temperature of LVHX1 lower than 19.0 K		
<b>Start/End Date</b>	7.7.04	7.7.04	<b>Name</b> Burt Zhang
<b>Start/End Time</b>	14 <sup>50</sup>	17 <sup>20</sup>	<b>Signature</b> 
<b>Test Data File</b>	7-7-04 2-2-2-b		

*Full Start-up in Max IF T Conditions.PXP*

TMU NORMAL OPERATIONS PARAMETERS	VALUE	UNITS
CE1 Heatup Power	160.0	W
CE1 Desorption Power	185.0	W
CE1 GGA Advance Decoupling	0	s
CE1 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE2 Heatup Power	160.0	W
CE2 Desorption Power	185.0	W
CE2 GGA Advance Decoupling	0	s
CE2 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE3 Heatup Power	160.0	W
CE3 Desorption Power	185.0	W
CE3 GGA Advance Decoupling	0	s
CE3 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE4 Heatup Power	160.0	W
CE4 Desorption Power	185.0	W
CE4 GGA Advance Decoupling	0	s
CE4 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE5 Heatup Power	160.0	W
CE5 Desorption Power	185.0	W
CE5 GGA Advance Decoupling	0	s
CE5 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE6 Heatup Power	160.0	W
CE6 Desorption Power	185.0	W
CE6 GGA Advance Decoupling	0	s
CE6 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
Cycle Time	N.A.	s
LPSB Sustain Power	N.A.	s
GGA Power (average total)	27.77	W
Average TSA power	0.0	W
<b>FACILITY I/F's (all measured on TMU thermometers)</b>		
PC3a Temperature	76.38	K
PC3b Temperature	76.83	K





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



PC3c Temperature	64.49	K
PC2 Temperature	78.51	K
PC1 Temperature	148.2 / 49.8	K
<b>FACILITY INTERFACES</b>		
LVHX1 load	0.0	W
LVHX2 load	0.0	W
LFI - I/F Temperature (average, for indication only)	<del>18.59</del> 28.2	K
HFI - I/F Temperature (average, for indication only)	18.59	K
SCC radiator (measured at the inlet plenum, for indication only)		K

LVHX1 Temperature (K)	Requirement (K)
19.2	<25.0





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



## 2.2.2.7 Maximum Temperature Proto-Flight Operational Conditions

<b>Test Objective</b>	Verify that the TMU can operate in the warmest proto-flight conditions (warm radiator at 292 K and PC3c at 65 K) of the I/F's		
<b>Procedure</b>	Run TMU in Normal Operation for 24 hours		
<b>Pass/Fail Criteria</b>	Stable conditions (TMU continuously in Normal Operation) after 24 h		
<b>Start/End Date</b>	6/22/04	6/23/04	<b>Name</b> BURT ZHANG & JAMES BORDERS
<b>Start/End Time</b>	12:00 PM	1:25 PM	<b>Signature</b>
<b>Test Data File</b>	6-22-04 2-2-2-7		

Max T Proto-Flight Op. Pk

TMU NORMAL OPERATIONS PARAMETERS	VALUE	UNITS
CE1 Heatup Power	115	W
CE1 Desorption Power	130	W
CE1 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE1 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE2 Heatup Power	115	W
CE2 Desorption Power	130	W
CE2 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE2 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE3 Heatup Power	115	W
CE3 Desorption Power	130	W
CE3 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE3 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE4 Heatup Power	115	W
CE4 Desorption Power	130	W
CE4 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE4 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE5 Heatup Power	115	W
CE5 Desorption Power	130	W
CE5 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE5 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE6 Heatup Power	115	W
CE6 Desorption Power	130	W
CE6 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE6 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
Cycle Time	940	s
LPSB Sustain Power	0.74	W
GGA Power (average total)	27.3	W
Average TSA power	0.085	W
<b>FACILITY I/F's (all measured on TMU thermometers)</b>		
PC3a Temperature	79.70	K
PC3b Temperature	80.23	K





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



PC3c Temperature	66.39	K
PC2 Temperature	82.47	K
PC1 Temperature	176.3	K
<b>FACILITY INTERFACES</b>		
LVHX1 load	0	W
LVHX2 load	0	W
LFI - I/F Temperature (average, for indication only)	20.19	K
HFI - I/F Temperature (average, for indication only)	19.43	K
SCC radiator (measured at the inlet plenum, for indication only)	295.2	K

<b>TMU continuously in Normal Operation for 24 hrs.</b>	<b>YES</b>	<b>NO</b>
	✓	





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



## 3 FM1/FM2 TMU Performance Verification

### 3.1 TMU FM1/TMU FM2: Performance Verification Approach

The TMU is run to meet all its performances in terms of cooling power, LVHX's temperature, temperature fluctuations and input power while optimizing them based on the thermal interfaces provided by the spacecraft. It is recognized that it is not convenient (a) in terms of cooler lifetime and (b) whole spacecraft performances to run the TMU at full input power and to evaporate excess liquid hydrogen at LVHX2. The mission operations of the TMU are based on providing enough cooling (by measuring the excess cooling power) with the minimum power required. The minimal amount of excess cooling power depends on the specific performance of the TSA and will be determined in agreement with the instruments. The initial estimate of the minimal excess cooling is 150 mW (ref. LFI ECR 102829). Considering the exposed operation rationale, the cooling power provided by the TMU is kept fixed by adjusting the power profile of the TMU. The test to verify the performance of the TMU is performed using the same operational procedures intended for the mission operations and will be validated extensively on the TMU FM1 and verified on the TMU FM2.

### 3.2 TMU FM1/TMU FM2: Performance Test Matrix

Spec ID	Required by	Description	Performed on		PC3 T [K]	SCC Radiator T [K]		
			FM1	FM2		260	270	280
TMU-PER-01	TMU spec (p. 12) [1]	Min LVHX's T	✓		45	✓		
TMU-PER-02	TMU spec (p. 12) [1]	Max LVHX's T	✓	✓	60			✓
TMU-PER-03	TMU spec (p.17) [1]	Min TMU Input Power (HP/ DP, LPSB Power)	✓	✓	45			✓
TMU-PER-04	TMU spec (p.17) [1]	Max TMU Input Power (HP/ DP, LPSB Power)	✓	✓	60	✓		
TMU-PER-05	TMU spec (p.13) [1]	Heat Lift Adaptability	✓	✓	60-45	✓		
TMU-PER-06	TMU spec (p.12) [1]	Nominal Operational point	✓		52		✓	
TMU-PER-07	TMU spec [1]	Min TSA Setpoint (goal)	✓	✓	45-60			✓

#### NOTES

- a) the cooling power is constantly measured by the TSA during ground test. The temperature fluctuations of the LVHX1 and at the TSA will be measured in all the cases specified in the performance matrix.
- b) the transition between different thermal interfaces (SCC radiator temperature and PC3c temperature) will be accommodated in the TMU operations following the TMU operating procedure that will be used mission operations and that will be part of the TMU operating manual.





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



## 3.3 FM1/FM2 TM: tests descriptions

### 3.3.1 Performance Characterization Test Description

#### 3.3.1.1 Run startup sequence

<b>Test Objective</b>	Verify that the TMU can cool down the LVHX's and transition to Normal Operations			
<b>Procedure</b>	Run <i>Start-up</i> procedure then transition into <i>Normal Operation</i> as specified in the flight software			
<b>Pass/Fail Criteria</b>	Automatic transition into Normal Operation State			
<b>Start/End Date</b>	5/24/04	5/25/04	<b>Name</b>	BURT ZHANG
<b>Start/End Time</b>	8:00 AM	12:00 AM	<b>Signature</b>	Burt Zhang
<b>Test Data File</b>	5-24-04 3-3-1-1			

Run Startup Sequence.pxp

Automatic transition into Normal Operation	Yes/No	Time needed (hrs.)
	Yes	14







# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



## 3.3.1.2 Maximum LVHX's Temperature with warm radiator @ 282 K, PC3c @ 60 K

<b>Test Objective</b>	Measurement of Max LVHX's Temperature		
<b>Procedure</b>	Run <i>Normal Operation</i> as specified in the flight software		
<b>Pass/Fail Criteria</b>	TMU performance must be within specifications in terms of input power, cooling power, LVHX's temperature and temperature fluctuations		
<b>Start/End Date</b>	5/29/2004	6/1/2004	<b>Name</b> B. ZHANG & G. MORGANTE
<b>Start/End Time</b>	12:00 AM	9:00 AM	<b>Signature</b> <i>B. Zhang G. Morgante</i>
<b>Test Data File</b>	<del>FINAL280-60</del>		

5-29-04 3-3-1-2 MAX LVHX T. PXP

TMU NORMAL OPERATIONS PARAMETERS	VALUE	UNITS
CE1 Heatup Power	170	W
CE1 Desorption Power	185	W
CE1 GGA Advance Decoupling	80	S
CE1 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	S
CE2 Heatup Power	170	W
CE2 Desorption Power	185	W
CE2 GGA Advance Decoupling	80	S
CE2 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	S
CE3 Heatup Power	170	W
CE3 Desorption Power	185	W
CE3 GGA Advance Decoupling	80	S
CE3 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	S
CE4 Heatup Power	170	W
CE4 Desorption Power	185	W
CE4 GGA Advance Decoupling	80	S
CE4 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	S
CE5 Heatup Power	170	W
CE5 Desorption Power	185	W
CE5 GGA Advance Decoupling	80	S
CE5 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	S
CE6 Heatup Power	170	W
CE6 Desorption Power	185	W
CE6 GGA Advance Decoupling	80	S
CE6 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	S
Cycle Time	667	S
LPSB Sustain Power	1.38	W
GGA Power (average total)	26.95	W
Average TSA power	0.147	W
Pressure Transducers Power Supply (constant)	<del>3.7898</del>	W
<b>FACILITY I/F's (all measured on TMU thermometers)</b>		
PC3a Temperature	44.5	K
PC3b Temperature	44.54	K





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan

PC3c Temperature	60.05	K
PC2 Temperature	48.95	K
PC1 Temperature	173.6	K
<b>FACILITY INTERFACES</b>		
LVHX1 load	0.214	W
LVHX2 load	0.754	W
LFI - I/F Temperature (average, for indication only)	18.64	K
HFI - I/F Temperature (average, for indication only)	21.79	K
SCC radiator (measured at the inlet plenum, for indication only)	282	K

	Measured Value	Requirement
LVHX1 T (K)	18.62	< 19.02 K
LVHX2 T (K)	19.0	< 22.50 K
LVHX1 $\Delta T^1$ (K)	351	< 450 mK
LVHX2 $\Delta T^2$ (K)	153	< 100 mK
TSA Power <sup>3</sup> (W)	147	< 150 mW
Cooling Power <sup>4</sup> (W)	1,115	$\geq$ 836 mW
Input Power <sup>5</sup> (W)	<del>393.3</del> 387.28	< 426 W

- Notes:
- <sup>1</sup> Peak-to-Peak, when compressor radiator performs according to the TMU spec
  - <sup>2</sup> Peak-to-Peak, measured @ TSA Stage
  - <sup>3</sup> When Instruments load is ON (646 mW for LFI + 190 mW for HFI) the TSA average Power indicates the extra heat lift available
  - <sup>4</sup> Total Cooling Power = LVHX Loads + TSA Average Power
  - <sup>5</sup> Input Power = HU Power + DE Power + GGA's Power + LPSB Sustain + TSA Power + P Sensors Supply





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



## 3.3.1.2 Maximum LVHX's Temperature with warm radiator @ 282 K, PC3c @ 60 K

### NOTES

\* Average Working P is 702 Pa

\*





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



### 3.3.1.3 Minimum TSA Setpoint (goal is 21.8 K) with 60 K PC3c

<b>Test Objective</b>	Verify the minimum setpoint at which the TSA can be run		
<b>Procedure</b>	Lower TSA setpoint until the control is not able to keep the temperature fluctuations within 100 mK		
<b>Pass/Fail Criteria</b>	TSA setpoint should be at 21.8 K while T fluctuations remain below 100 mK. If not, record minimum TSA setpoint that keeps $\Delta T < 100$ mK		
<b>Start/End Date</b>			<b>Name</b>
<b>Start/End Time</b>			<b>Signature</b>
<b>Test Data File</b>			

<b>Minimum TSA setpoint that keeps <math>\Delta T &lt; 100</math> mK (K)</b>	
--	--







# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



## 3.3.1.4 Maximum TMU input power: 262 K warm radiator, 60 K PC3c

<b>Test Objective</b>	Measurement of Max TMU Input Power		
<b>Procedure</b>	Run <i>Normal Operation</i> as specified in the flight software		
<b>Pass/Fail Criteria</b>	TMU performance must be within specifications in terms of input power, cooling power, LVHX's temperature and temperature fluctuations		
<b>Start/End Date</b>	8/20/04	8/26/04	<b>Name</b> BURT ZHANG
<b>Start/End Time</b>	4:30 PM	3:00 PM	<b>Signature</b> <i>Burt Zhang</i>
<b>Test Data File</b>	8-20-04 3_3-1-4 Max TMU		

### INPUT POWER TEST.PXP

TMU NORMAL OPERATIONS PARAMETERS	VALUE	UNITS
CE1 Heatup Power	187	W
CE1 Desorption Power	188	W
CE1 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	S
CE1 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	S
CE2 Heatup Power	187	W
CE2 Desorption Power	188	W
CE2 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	S
CE2 GGA Cooldown Delay	100	S
CE3 Heatup Power	187	W
CE3 Desorption Power	188	W
CE3 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE3 GGA Cooldown Delay	100	s
CE4 Heatup Power	187	W
CE4 Desorption Power	188	W
CE4 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE4 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE5 Heatup Power	187	W
CE5 Desorption Power	188	W
CE5 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE5 GGA Cooldown Delay	100	s
CE6 Heatup Power	187	W
CE6 Desorption Power	188	W
CE6 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE6 GGA Cooldown Delay	100	s
Cycle Time	667	s
LPSB Sustain Power	1.93	W
GGA Power (average total)	27.28	W
Average TSA power	0.149	W
Pressure Transducers Power Supply (constant)	3.78	W
<b>FACILITY I/F's (all measured on TMU thermometers)</b>		
PC3a Temperature	47.45	K
PC3b Temperature	47.52	K





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan

PC3c Temperature	61	K
PC2 Temperature	51.81	K
PC1 Temperature	173.6	K
<b>FACILITY INTERFACES</b>		
LVHX1 load	0.207	W
LVHX2 load	0.657	W
LFI - I/F Temperature (average, for indication only)	19.75	K
HFI - I/F Temperature (average, for indication only)	17.2	K
SCC radiator (measured at the inlet plenum, for indication only)	259.6	K

	Measured Value	Requirement
LVHX1 T (K)	17.13	< 19.02 K
LVHX2 T (K)	17.34	< 22.50 K
LVHX1 $\Delta T$ <sup>1</sup> (K)	421	< 450 mK
LVHX2 $\Delta T$ <sup>2</sup> (K)	73	< 100 mK
TSA Power <sup>3</sup> (W)	149	< 150 mW
Cooling Power <sup>4</sup> (W)	1,013	$\geq$ 836 mW
Input Power <sup>5</sup> (W)	408	< 426 W

- Notes:
- <sup>1</sup> Peak-to-Peak, when compressor radiator performs according to the TMU spec
  - <sup>2</sup> Peak-to-Peak, measured @ TSA Stage
  - <sup>3</sup> When Instruments load is ON (646 mW for LFI + 190 mW for HFI) the TSA average Power indicates the extra heat lift available
  - <sup>4</sup> Total Cooling Power = LVHX Loads + TSA Average Power
  - <sup>5</sup> Input Power = HU Power + DE Power + GGA's Power + LPSB Sustain + TSA Power + P Sensors Supply





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



## 3.3.1.4 Maximum TMU input power: 262 K warm radiator, 60 K PC3c

### NOTES

\* Temperature sensors T08 - T12 for pre-coolers PC3c, 3b, 3a and PC2, PC1 went bad shortly before 7:00 AM, 8/22/04. No adjustment was made to these pre-coolers through the test. Steady temperature reading from facility sensors indicates that these pre-coolers remained at the temperatures recorded prior to 7:00 AM, 8/22/04.

\*  $\Delta T$  at LHX1 and control stage taken over a full cooler cycle (6 bed cycles) between data points 521671 and 525689. These temperature differences do not meet the requirement over some other cooler cycles. Over a 157-hour period,  $\Delta T$  LHX1  $\sim$  485 mK peak to peak and 35  $\sim$  426 mK,





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



### 3.3.1.5 Heat adaptability test (262 K warm radiator, 60 K PC3c)

<b>Test Objective</b>	Verify that TMU remains in stable conditions when Instruments are switched OFF/ON		
<b>Procedure</b>	Run <i>Normal Operation</i> as specified in the flight software, switch Instrument loads OFF then ON again		
<b>Pass/Fail Criteria</b>	The sum of the Instrument loads and TSA power (i.e. the total cooling power) must remain constant within $\pm 30$ mW after switching OFF/ON Instruments		
<b>Start/End Date</b>			<b>Name</b>
<b>Start/End Time</b>			<b>Signature</b>
<b>Test Data File</b>			

	LVHX1 Load (W)	LVHX2 Load (W)	TSA (W)	Total <sup>1</sup> (W)
Cooling Power <i>before</i> switching OFF Instruments				
Cooling Power <i>after</i> switching OFF Instruments				
Cooling Power <i>after</i> switching ON Instruments				

Notes: <sup>1</sup> the cooler total cooling power is given by the sum of the Instrument loads on the LVHX's and the average TSA power





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



## 3.3.1.5 Heat adaptability test (262 K warm radiator, 60 K PC3c)

### NOTES

9/9/04 Drop input powers to parasitic  
7 AM levels LFI = 400 mW HFI = 10 mW

12 PM Increase input powers to nominal  
650 mW, 200 mW (LFI, HFI)





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



## 3.3.1.6 Minimum LVHX temperature: 262 K warm radiator, 45 K PC3c

<b>Test Objective</b>	Measurement of Min LVHX's Temperature		
<b>Procedure</b>	Run <i>Normal Operation</i> as specified in the flight software		
<b>Pass/Fail Criteria</b>	TMU performance must be within specifications in terms of input power, cooling power, LVHX's temperature and temperature fluctuations		
<b>Start/End Date</b>	6/6/04	6/7/04	<b>Name</b> B. ZHANG & M PRIVA
<b>Start/End Time</b>	6:00 PM	9:00 AM	<b>Signature</b> <i>B. Zhang &amp; M. Priva</i>
<b>Test Data File</b>	6-7-04 3_3-1-6 Minimum		

LVHX TEMPERATURE TEST.PX

TMU NORMAL OPERATIONS PARAMETERS	VALUE	UNITS
CE1 Heatup Power	134	W
CE1 Desorption Power	130	W
CE1 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	S
CE1 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	S
CE2 Heatup Power	134	W
CE2 Desorption Power	130	W
CE2 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	S
CE2 GGA Cooldown Delay	60	S
CE3 Heatup Power	134	W
CE3 Desorption Power	130	W
CE3 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE3 GGA Cooldown Delay	80	s
CE4 Heatup Power	134	W
CE4 Desorption Power	130	W
CE4 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE4 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE5 Heatup Power	134	W
CE5 Desorption Power	130	W
CE5 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE5 GGA Cooldown Delay	60	s
CE6 Heatup Power	134	W
CE6 Desorption Power	130	W
CE6 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE6 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
Cycle Time	940	s
LPSB Sustain Power	1.35	W
GGA Power (average total)	28.0	W
Average TSA power	0.28	W
Pressure Transducers Power Supply (constant)	3.78	W
<b>FACILITY I/F's (all measured on TMU thermometers)</b>		
PC3a Temperature	42.12	K
PC3b Temperature	42.15	K





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



PC3c Temperature	44.9	K
PC2 Temperature	45.48	K
PC1 Temperature	149.5	K
<b>FACILITY INTERFACES</b>		
LVHX1 load	0.196	W
LVHX2 load	0.655	W
LFI - I/F Temperature (average, for indication only)	19.48	K
HFI - I/F Temperature (average, for indication only)	16.73	K
SCC radiator (measured at the inlet plenum, for indication only)	<del>269.4</del> 261.3	K

	Measured Value	Requirement
LVHX1 T (K)	16.72	< 19.02 K
LVHX2 T (K)	18.4	< 22.50 K
LVHX1 $\Delta T^1$ (K)	430	< 450 mK
LVHX2 $\Delta T^2$ (K)	130	< 100 mK
TSA Power <sup>3</sup> (W)	280	< 150 mW
Cooling Power <sup>4</sup> (W)	1,131	$\geq$ 836 mW
Input Power <sup>5</sup> (W)	<del>301.5</del> 297.4	< 426 W

- Notes:
- <sup>1</sup> Peak-to-Peak, when compressor radiator performs according to the TMU spec
  - <sup>2</sup> Peak-to-Peak, measured @ TSA Stage
  - <sup>3</sup> When Instruments load is ON (646 mW for LFI + 190 mW for HFI) the TSA average Power indicates the extra heat lift available
  - <sup>4</sup> Total Cooling Power = LVHX Loads + TSA Average Power
  - <sup>5</sup> Input Power = HU Power + DE Power + GGA's Power + LPSB Sustain + TSA Power + P Sensors Supply







# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



## 3.3.1.7 Heat adaptability test (262 K warm radiator, 45 K PC3c)

<b>Test Objective</b>	Verify that TMU remains in stable conditions when Instruments are switched OFF/ON			
<b>Procedure</b>	Run <i>Normal Operation</i> as specified in the flight software, switch Instrument loads OFF then ON again			
<b>Pass/Fail Criteria</b>	The sum of the Instrument loads and TSA power (i.e. the total cooling power) must remain constant within $\pm 30$ mW after switching OFF/ON Instruments			
<b>Start/End Date</b>	6/7/04	6/7/04	<b>Name</b>	BURT ZHANG
<b>Start/End Time</b>	8:32 AM	12:16 PM	<b>Signature</b>	
<b>Test Data File</b>	6-7-04 3-3-1-7			

Heat Adaptability.PXP

Heat Lift Measurement	LVHX1 Load (W)	LVHX2 Load (W)	TSA (W)	Total <sup>1</sup> (W)
Cooling Power <i>before</i> switching OFF Instruments	0.196	0.655	0.289	1.140
Cooling Power <i>after</i> switching OFF Instruments	0.0	0.413	0.547	0.96
Cooling Power <i>after</i> switching ON Instruments	0.196	0.655	0.305	1.156

Notes: <sup>1</sup> the cooler total cooling power is given by the sum of the Instrument loads on the LVHX's and the average TSA power







# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



### 3.3.1.8 Minimum TMU input power: 282 K warm radiator, 45 K PC3c

<b>Test Objective</b>	Measurement of Min TMU Input Power		
<b>Procedure</b>	Run <i>Normal Operation</i> , as specified for the flight software		
<b>Pass/Fail Criteria</b>	TMU performance must be within specifications in terms of input power, cooling power, LVHX's temperature and temperature fluctuations		
<b>Start/End Date</b>	6/9/04	6/11/04	<b>Name</b> BURT ZHANG
<b>Start/End Time</b>	12:10 PM	8:50 AM	<b>Signature</b> <i>Burt Zhang</i>
<b>Test Data File</b>	6-11-04 3_3-1-8 MINIMUM		

TMU INPUT POWER TEST. PXP

TMU NORMAL OPERATIONS PARAMETERS	VALUE	UNITS
CE1 Heatup Power	115	W
CE1 Desorption Power	130	W
CE1 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	S
CE1 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	S
CE2 Heatup Power	115	W
CE2 Desorption Power	130	W
CE2 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	S
CE2 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	S
CE3 Heatup Power	115	W
CE3 Desorption Power	130	W
CE3 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE3 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE4 Heatup Power	115	W
CE4 Desorption Power	130	W
CE4 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE4 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE5 Heatup Power	115	W
CE5 Desorption Power	130	W
CE5 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE5 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE6 Heatup Power	115	W
CE6 Desorption Power	130	W
CE6 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE6 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
Cycle Time	940	s
LPSB Sustain Power	0.7584	W
GGA Power (average total)	27.34	W
Average TSA power	0.1635	W
Pressure Transducers Power Supply (constant)	3.78	W
<b>FACILITY I/F's (all measured on TMU thermometers)</b>		
PC3a Temperature	43.22	K
PC3b Temperature	43.26	K





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



PC3c Temperature	44.93	K
PC2 Temperature	47.02	K
PC1 Temperature	173.8	K
<b>FACILITY INTERFACES</b>		
LVHX1 load	0.1954	W
LVHX2 load	0.6554	W
LFI - I/F Temperature (average, for indication only)	20.42	K
HFI - I/F Temperature (average, for indication only)	17.98	K
SCC radiator (measured at the inlet plenum, for indication only)	283.2	K

	Measured Value	Requirement
LVHX1 T (K)	17.97	< 19.02 K
LVHX2 T (K)	18.20	< 22.50 K
LVHX1 $\Delta T^1$ (K)	433	< 450 mK
LVHX2 $\Delta T^2$ (K)	92.33 *	< 100 mK
TSA Power <sup>3</sup> (W)	163.5	< 150 mW
Cooling Power <sup>4</sup> (W)	1,014	$\geq$ 836 mW
Input Power <sup>5</sup> (W)	277.0	< 426 W

- see notes

- see notes

- Notes:
- <sup>1</sup> Peak-to-Peak, when compressor radiator performs according to the TMU spec
  - <sup>2</sup> Peak-to-Peak, measured @ TSA Stage
  - <sup>3</sup> When Instruments load is ON (646 mW for LFI + 190 mW for HFI) the TSA average Power indicates the extra heat lift available
  - <sup>4</sup> Total Cooling Power = LVHX Loads+TSA Average Power
  - <sup>5</sup> Input Power = HU Power + DE Power + GGA's Power + LPSB Sustain + TSA Power + P Sensors Supply





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



## 3.3.1.8 Minimum TMU input power: 282 K warm radiator, 45 K PC3c

### NOTES

*and controller*

Lakeshore Power Source, ~~were~~ used for cold end Heaters in this test.

TSA power is ~~low~~ high - wrote PFR.





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



## 3.3.1.9 Minimum TSA Setpoint (goal is 21.8 K) with 45 K PC3c

<b>Test Objective</b>	Verify the minimum setpoint at which the TSA can be run		
<b>Procedure</b>	Lower TSA setpoint until the control is not able to keep the temperature fluctuations within 100 mK		
<b>Pass/Fail Criteria</b>	TSA setpoint should be at 21.8 K while T fluctuations remain below 100 mK. If not, record minimum TSA setpoint that keeps $\Delta T < 100$ mK		
<b>Start/End Date</b>			<b>Name</b>
<b>Start/End Time</b>			<b>Signature</b>
<b>Test Data File</b>			

<b>Minimum TSA setpoint that keeps <math>\Delta T &lt; 100</math> mK (K)</b>	
--	--







# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



### 3.3.1.10 Nominal TMU thermal interfaces: 272 K warm radiator, 52 K PC3c

<b>Test Objective</b>	Verification of TMU performance in <i>nominal</i> conditions of thermal I/F's		
<b>Procedure</b>	Run <i>Normal Operation</i> , as specified for the flight software		
<b>Pass/Fail Criteria</b>	TMU performance must be within specifications in terms of input power, flow generated, high-pressure and low-pressure produced and their fluctuations		
<b>Start/End Date</b>	8/26/04	9/8/04	<b>Name</b> Burt Zhang
<b>Start/End Time</b>	3:30 PM	7:00 AM	<b>Signature</b> <i>Burt Zhang</i>
<b>Test Data File</b>	8-26-04 3-3-1-10		

Nominal TMU IF.PXP

TMU NORMAL OPERATIONS PARAMETERS	VALUE	UNITS
CE1 Heatup Power	151	W
CE1 Desorption Power	162	W
CE1 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	S
CE1 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	S
CE2 Heatup Power	151	W
CE2 Desorption Power	162	W
CE2 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	S
CE2 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	S
CE3 Heatup Power	151	W
CE3 Desorption Power	162	W
CE3 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE3 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE4 Heatup Power	151	W
CE4 Desorption Power	162	W
CE4 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE4 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE5 Heatup Power	151	W
CE5 Desorption Power	162	W
CE5 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE5 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE6 Heatup Power	151	W
CE6 Desorption Power	162	W
CE6 GGA Advance Decoupling	60	s
CE6 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
Cycle Time	760	s
LPSB Sustain Power	1.363	W
GGA Power (average total)	27.01	W
Average TSA power	0.085	W
Pressure Transducers Power Supply (constant)	3.78	W
<b>FACILITY I/F's (all measured on TMU thermometers)</b>		
PC3a Temperature	45.64	K
PC3b Temperature	45.7	K





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



PC3c Temperature	51.91	K
PC2 Temperature	49.38	K
PC1 Temperature	158.68	K
<b>FACILITY INTERFACES</b>		
LVHX1 load	0.206	W
LVHX2 load	0.657	W
LFI – I/F Temperature (average, for indication only)	19.67	K
HFI – I/F Temperature (average, for indication only)	17.24	K
SCC radiator (measured at the inlet plenum, for indication only)	269	K

	Measured Value	Requirement
LVHX1 T (K)	17.23	< 19.02 K
LVHX2 T (K)	17.44	< 22.50 K
LVHX1 $\Delta T^1$ (K)	360	< 450 mK
LVHX2 $\Delta T^2$ (K)	97	< 100 mK
TSA Power <sup>3</sup> (W)	85	< 150 mW
Cooling Power <sup>4</sup> (W)	948	$\geq$ 836 mW
Input Power <sup>5</sup> (W)	345.2	< 426 W

- Notes:**
- <sup>1</sup> Peak-to-Peak, when compressor radiator performs according to the TMU spec
  - <sup>2</sup> Peak-to-Peak, measured @ TSA Stage
  - <sup>3</sup> When Instruments load is ON (646 mW for LFI + 190 mW for HFI) the TSA average Power indicates the extra heat lift available
  - <sup>4</sup> Total Cooling Power = LVHX Loads+TSA Average Power
  - <sup>5</sup> Input Power = HU Power + DE Power + GGA's Power + LPSB Sustain + TSA Power + P Sensors Supply





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



## 3.3.1.10 Nominal TMU thermal interfaces: 272 K warm radiator, 52 K PC3c

### NOTES

Sept 16 - To test cooling power, add 150 mW to LVHX1 for a total of 350 mW

Sept 8 try James open loop

$\Delta T$ 's at LVHX1 and TSA stage are taken over a complete cooler cycle between data points 910646 and 915255.

Over a time period of 100 hours,  $\Delta T$  at LVHX1  $\sim 456$  mK and  $\Delta T$  LVHX2 (TSA)  $\sim 178$  mK w/  $3\sigma = 0.032$

$3\sigma = 0.171$





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



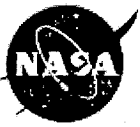
## 3.3.1.11 Recharge TMU

<b>Test Objective</b>	Refresh H <sub>2</sub> gas of TMU		
<b>Procedure</b>	Remove H <sub>2</sub> gas from TMU and recharge it with same amount of H <sub>2</sub>		
<b>Pass/Fail Criteria</b>	N/A		
<b>Start/End Date</b>	8-2-04	8-5-04	<b>Name</b> BURT ZHANG
<b>Start/End Time</b>			<b>Signature</b>
<b>Test Data File</b>	N/A		

Quantity of H <sub>2</sub> removed (SL)	700
Quantity of H <sub>2</sub> refilled (SL)	709







# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



## 3.3.1.12 H<sub>2</sub> gas charge verification (warm radiator at 282 K, 60 K) (ONLY FM1)

<b>Test Objective</b>	Verification of TMU proper H <sub>2</sub> gas recharge		
<b>Procedure</b>	Run <i>Startup</i> and <i>Normal Operation</i> , as specified in the flight software		
<b>Pass/Fail Criteria</b>	TMU performance with warm radiator at 282 K must be replicated (ref. 3.3.1.2)		
<b>Start/End Date</b>	8/14/04	8/17/04	<b>Name</b> BURT ZHANG
<b>Start/End Time</b>	3:00 PM	11:00 AM	<b>Signature</b> <i>Burt Zhang</i>
<b>Test Data File</b>	<i>TMU Gas Recharge 8-14-04 PXP</i>		

*8-14-04 3-3-1-12 H2 GAS CHARGE VERIFICATION PXP*

TMU NORMAL OPERATIONS PARAMETERS	VALUE	UNITS
CE1 Heatup Power	170	W
CE1 Desorption Power	185	W
CE1 GGA Advance Decoupling	80	S
CE1 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	S
CE2 Heatup Power	170	W
CE2 Desorption Power	185	W
CE2 GGA Advance Decoupling	80	S
CE2 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	S
CE3 Heatup Power	170	W
CE3 Desorption Power	185	W
CE3 GGA Advance Decoupling	80	s
CE3 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE4 Heatup Power	170	W
CE4 Desorption Power	185	W
CE4 GGA Advance Decoupling	80	s
CE4 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE5 Heatup Power	170	W
CE5 Desorption Power	185	W
CE5 GGA Advance Decoupling	80	s
CE5 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
CE6 Heatup Power	170	W
CE6 Desorption Power	185	W
CE6 GGA Advance Decoupling	80	s
CE6 GGA Cooldown Delay	0	s
Cycle Time	667	s
<i>*</i> LPSB Sustain Power	1.88	W
GGA Power (average total)	26.72	W
Average TSA power	0.162	W
Pressure Transducers Power Supply (constant)	3.78	W
<b>FACILITY I/F's (all measured on TMU thermometers)</b>		
PC3a Temperature	47.86	K
PC3b Temperature	47.95	K





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



PC3c Temperature	60.59	K
PC2 Temperature	52.26	K
PC1 Temperature	173.6	K
<b>FACILITY INTERFACES</b>		
LVHX1 load	0.199	W
LVHX2 load	0.658	W
LFI – I/F Temperature (average, for indication only)	18.40	K
HFI – I/F Temperature (average, for indication only)	20.75	K
SCC radiator (measured at the inlet plenum, for indication only)	281.6	K

	Measured Value	Requirement
LVHX1 T (K)	18.39	< 19.02 K
LVHX2 T (K)	18.59	< 22.50 K
LVHX1 $\Delta T^1$ (K)	386	< 450 mK
LVHX2 $\Delta T^2$ (K)	98.3	< 100 mK
TSA Power <sup>3</sup> (W)	162	< 150 mW
Cooling Power <sup>4</sup> (W)	1,019	$\geq$ 836 mW
Input Power <sup>5</sup> (W)	387.5	< 426 W

- Notes:**
- <sup>1</sup> Peak-to-Peak, when compressor radiator performs according to the TMU spec
  - <sup>2</sup> Peak-to-Peak, measured @ TSA Stage
  - <sup>3</sup> When Instruments load is ON (646 mW for LFI + 190 mW for HFI) the TSA average Power indicates the extra heat lift available
  - <sup>4</sup> Total Cooling Power = LVHX Loads + TSA Average Power
  - <sup>5</sup> Input Power = HU Power + DE Power + GGA's Power + LPSB Sustain + TSA Power + P Sensors Supply





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



## 3.3.1.12 H<sub>2</sub> gas charge verification (warm radiator at 282 K, 60 K) (ONLY FM1)

### NOTES

R1 =

R2 = 1.52 K/W

- \* LPSB sustain power was set at 1.34 W for ~ 46 hours. HPST pressure gradually built up to 688 psia.
- \* LPSB sustain power was ramped up incrementally to 1.88 W, which brought HPST pressure up to 703.7 psia. This action shifted H<sub>2</sub> inventory from LPSB to the beds while keeping the LPSB sustain power within spec.
- \* Active control on LHX3 heater started at 7:00 AM on 8/17/09. LHX3 was depleted within 3 hours. This amount of H<sub>2</sub> further increased the HPST pressure.





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



## 3.3.1.13 FM Electronics testing

The FM Electronics Test objectives, Procedures, Pass/Fail Criteria are indicated in the documentation that has to be produced by *Laboratoire de Physique Subatomique et de Cosmologie* (LPSC), France (see [3]).





# Planck Sorption Cooler Verification Plan



## 4 Documentation

### 4.1 Test Documentation

Documentation for planning and reporting testing shall meet the requirements of the ERD, D-19155. The test documentation will include all the documents of the subassemblies test previously performed, and the EBB test report.

### 4.2 Operating Procedures

The integration/handling/test procedures are specified and called out in the assembly and test plan [1]. A summary of all the procedures can be found in Table 3.

Procedure	Use	Relative Documentation
Safe to Mate Procedure	MGSE, SCC, PACE	Verification Plan
Health check monitoring	TMU performance test	TMU Operation Document
Health check procedure	TMU performance test	TMU Operation Document
TMU Tuning	TMU performance test	User Manual
Recharge Procedure	Recharge operation	AIDS

Table 3. Summary of the procedures to be used in the test of the TMU

### 4.3 Disposition of non conforming items

The JPL system for problem/failure reporting (PFR) will be used to report and dispose the non-conforming items. Reporting shall follow the Herschel/Planck Project Problem/Failure Reporting Requirements, D-19151.

### 4.4 Safety requirements/processes/documentation

Testing at JPL shall follow all safety standards as dictated in the JPL Standards for System Safety, D-560. A test readiness review shall be conducted prior to each test to verify compliance.

